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Reg.	No.	:	



VI Semester B.Sc. Degree (CBCSS-Reg./Supple./Improv.) Examination, April 2020

(2014 Admission Onwards)
CORE COURSE IN PHYSICS
6B11 PHY: Electrodynamics – II

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 40

### SECTION - A

Answer all questions (very short answer type, each question carries 1 mark).

- 1. For diamagnetic materials magnetic susceptibility is
- 2. Write differential form of modified Ampere's circuital law.
- 3. Write an example for longitudinal wave.
- 4. Betatron are used to accelerate

## SECTION - B

Answer any seven questions (short answer type, each question carries 2 marks).

- 5. Draw hysteresis loop of Ferro magnetic materials.
- 6. Write boundary conditions in magneto statics.
- 7. Magnetic field is solenoidal. Why?
- 8. What are gauge transformation?
- 9. Prove that polarization current density obeys continuity equation.
- 10. A changing magnetic field induces electric field. Explain.
- 11. Show that mutual inductance is a purely geometrical quantity.
- 12. Derive three dimensional wave equation for E.
- 13. What is mass spectrometer?
- 14. What is Hall effect?



### SECTION - C

Answer any four questions (short essay/problem type, each question carries 3 marks).

- 15. A long copper wire of radius 2 mm carries a uniformly distributed free current 2mA. Find magnitude and direction of H at a loop of radius 1 mm inside the wire.
- 16. Explain physical significance of bound currents in magnetic materials.
- 17. Derive Poynting theorem.
- 18. Find self inductance per unit length of a solenoid of radius R, carrying N number of turns per unit length.
- 19. Calculate amplitude of electric field E due to light, 2 m away from a 100 W lamp radiating equally in all direction.
- 20. Distinguish between cyclotron and betatron.

# SECTION - D

Answer any two questions (long essay type, each question carries 5 marks).

- 21. Describe:
  - 1) Ferro magnetism, hysteresis loop
  - 2) Curie point
  - 3) Dia magnetism.
- 22. Derive boundary conditions in electrodynamics for linear media.
- Explain reflection and transmission of electromagnetic waves at normal incidence.
- 24. Explain:
  - 1) Electrostatic generator
  - 2) Hall effect
  - Auto transformer.