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K19U 0598

IV Semester B.Sc. Degree (CBCSS - Reg./Supp./Imp.) Examination, April 2019 (2014 Admission Onwards)

Complementary Course in Statistics for Mathematics/ Computer Science 4C04STA - STATISTICAL INFERENCE

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 40

Instruction: Use of calculators and statistical tables are permitted.

PART - A (Short Answers)

Answer all the six questions.

 $(6 \times 1 = 6)$

- Define sampling distribution.
- 2. What is the mean and variance Chi-square distribution with 2 degrees of freedom?
- 3. Define efficiency of an estimator.
- 4. Define:
 - a) Parameter
- b) Statistic.
- 5. What is composite hypothesis? Give an example.
- 6. State Neymann Pearson Lemma.

PART - B (Short Essay)

Answer any 6 questions.

 $(6 \times 2 = 12)$

- 7. Define F distribution. Give the inter relationship between t, Chi-square and F distribution.
- 8. Write the moment generating function of Chi-square distribution and state the reproductive property of Chi-square distribution. P.T.O.

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- 9. Define unbiasedness. A random sample (X_1, X_2, X_3) is drawn from N (μ, σ) . Obtain the value of λ if $t = \frac{2X_1 + X_2 + \lambda X_3}{3}$ is unbiased for μ .
- 10. Obtain the maximum likelihood estimator of θ in the population given $f(x) = (1+\theta)x^{\theta} \quad 0 \le x \le 1, \ \theta > 0.$
- 11. Derive interval estimate of the difference of two population means, when σ_1 , σ_2 unknown.
- 12. Explain Type I error and Type II error.
- 13. What is paired t-test? What are the assumptions on t test?
- 14. Distinguish between simple and composite hypothesis. Give one example each.

PART - C

(Essay)

Answer any 4 questions.

(4×3=12)

- 15. Define t-distribution and point out any two characteristics of t-distribution.
- 16. Let X_1 , X_2 , X_3 ,, X_n are i.i.d. P (λ) random variables. Derive a sufficient statistic for λ .
- 17. Determine 100 $(1-\alpha)\%$ confidence interval for $\mu_1-\mu_2$ if samples are taken from two normal populations with :

$$\overline{X}_1 = 20, \ \overline{X}_2 = 16, \ \sigma_1^2 = 9, \ \sigma_2^2 = 16, \ n_1 = 30, \ n_2 = 50 \ .$$

- 18. A random sample of size 15 from a normal population gives sample mean is 3.2 and sample variance is 4.24. Determine the 95% confidence limits for σ^2 .
- 19. Explain the procedure for testing equality of population proportions based on large samples.
- 20. Distinguish between large sample test and small sample test.

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PART – D (Long Essay)

Answer any 2 questions.

 $(2 \times 5 = 10)$

- 21. Derive the sampling distribution of variance.
- 22. Derive confidence interval for population mean μ when (i) σ_1 , σ_2 known (ii) σ_1 , σ_3 unknown.
- 23. Two samples are drawn from two normal populations. Based on the data test whether the two populations have
 - a) the same mean
 - b) the same variance

Sample I: 4.0 4.4 3.9 3.9 4.0 4.2 4.4 5.0 4.8 4.6

Sample II: 5.3 4.3 4.1 4.4 5.3 4.2 3.8 3.9 5.4 4.6

24. Discuss briefly the different applications of chi-square as a test statistic.