b) Pinus

d) Ginkgo

b) Diploid

d) Gradate ploidy

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a) Cycas

a) Haploid

c) Triploid

c) Gnetum

4. The endosperm in Gnetum is

- 2-

PART - B (Short Essay)

Discuss the affinities of Pteridophytes with Gymnosperms.

Answer any eight questions.

 $(8 \times 2 = 16)$ 

- 6. List the xerophytic characteristics of Cycas.
- 7. Comment on the leaves of Pinus.
- 8. Mention two root-like and two stem-like characteristics of the rhizophore in
- Selaginella. Enumerate the ecological and economic importance of Gymnosperms.
- Discuss the alternation of generations in Pteridophytes.
- 11. Analyse the aquatic adaptations of Marsilea. 12. Comment on the distribution of Gymnosperms in India.
- Distinguish Manoxylic and Pycnoxylic wood? List examples.
- 14. Distinguish between microphyllous and megaphyllous pteridophytes.
- Explain Girdle traces in Cycas wood. 16. Comment on the vegetative propagation of Equisetum.
  - PART C (Essay)

Explain the impact of polyploidy on the evolution and adaptability of

Pteridophytes. Comment on the structure and origin of siphonostele.

Answer any four questions.

 $(4 \times 3 = 12)$ 

- 19. Evaluate the significance and evolutionary implications of the seed habit in Pteridophytes.

21. Comment on Sporne's system of classification of Gymnosperms.

Answer any one question.

diagrams.

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22. Explain primary structure and secondary growth in Gnetum stem. PART - D

(Long Essay)

20. Explain the structure of strobilus in Equisetum, with the help of suitable

23. Describe the life cycle of Psilotum with suitable diagrams.

 $(1 \times 8 = 8)$ 

Gnetum with the help of labelled diagrams.

24. Explain the internal structure of Selaginella stem with diagrams.

25. Compare and discuss the structure of the ovule in Cycas, Pinus, and