

Reg. No. :

Name :

**IV Semester B.Sc. Honours in Mathematics Degree (C.B.C.S.S. – OBE-
Regular/Supplementary/Improvement) Examination, April 2025
(2021 – 2023 Admissions)**

4B16BMH : INTRODUCTION TO PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 60

SECTION – A

Answer **any four** questions out of five questions. **Each** question carries **1** mark.

(4×1=4)

1. Write Laplace equation.
2. Find the order of the partial differential equation, $\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = 0$.
3. Give an example of a non-linear partial differential equation of order 3.
4. Write a second order partial differential equation with variable coefficients.
5. Write the Lagrange's auxiliary equations for the partial differential equation $Pp + Qq = R$.

SECTION – B

Answer **any six** questions out of nine questions. **Each** question carries **2** marks.

(6×2=12)

6. Find the degree and order of the partial differential equation,

$$\left\{ \left(\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x^2} \right)^2 + \left(\frac{\partial z}{\partial y} \right)^2 \right\} y = \left(\frac{\partial z}{\partial x} \right)^5 z^2.$$

7. State the principle of superposition of solutions of partial differential equation.
8. By eliminating arbitrary constants a and b , find the partial differential equation from $z = ax + by + a^2 + b^2$.
9. Define general integral of a partial differential equation. How can you find a singular integral of a partial differential equation?

P.T.O.

K25U 0989

-2-

10. Find the complete integral of $p^2 + q^2 = m^2$.
11. Solve $xyz = 1$.
12. Classify the differential equation $x^2 u_{xx} + 2xy u_{xy} + y^2 u_{yy} = 0$.
13. Solve the differential equation $2r + 5s + 2t = 0$.
14. Solve the differential equation $(D^3 - 2D^2D' + D(D')^2)z = 0$.

SECTION – C

Answer **any 8** questions out of 12 questions. **Each** question carries **4** marks.

(8×4=32)

15. Find the partial differential equation by eliminating arbitrary function from $f(x + yz, x^2 + y^2 - z^2) = 0$.
16. Solve $x^2(y - z)p + y^2(z - x)q = z^2(x - y)$.
17. Solve $p - 2q = 3x^2 \sin(y + 2x)$.
18. Find the complete integral of $(x + y)(p + q)^2 + (x - y)(p - q)^2 = 1$.
19. Find the singular integral of $p^3 + q^3 = 216z$.
20. Solve the differential equation $px + qy + pq = 0$.
21. Solve $s - t = \frac{x}{y^2}$.
22. Solve the partial differential equation $p + r + s = 1$.
23. Find the region in the xy -plane in which the following equation is hyperbolic $[(x - y)^2 - 1]u_{xx} + 2u_{xy} + [(x - y)^2 - 1]u_{yy} = 0$.
24. Solve $\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x^2} = a^2 z$, given that $\frac{\partial z}{\partial x} = a \sin y$ and $\frac{\partial z}{\partial y} = 0$ when $x = 0$.

K25U 0989

-3-

25. Find a real function V of x and y , reducing to zero when $y = 0$ and satisfying $\frac{\partial^2 V}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 V}{\partial y^2} = -4\pi(x^2 + y^2)$.
26. Solve $(D^2 - DD' - 2(D')^2)z = (y - 1)e^x$.

SECTION – D

Answer **any 2** questions out of four questions. **Each** question carries **6** marks.

(2×6=12)

27. Find the integral of the partial differential equation $(x - y)y^2p + (y - x)x^2q = (x^2 + y^2)z$ which passes through the curve $xz = a^3, y = 0$.
28. Apply Jacobi's method to find the complete integral of $p_1x_1 + p_2x_2 = p_3^2$.
29. Solve the differential equation $r + (a + b)s + abt = xy$ using Monge's method.
30. Solve $(D^2 - (D')^2 - 3D + 3D')z = xy + e^{x+2y}$.