



K21P 4198

Reg. No. :

Name :

I Semester M.Sc. Degree (C.B.S.S. – Reg./Supple./Imp.)

Examination, October 2021

(2018 Admission Onwards)

PHYSICS

PHY1C03 : Electrodynamics

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 60

SECTION – A

Answer **both** questions either **a** or **b**. Each question carries **12** marks.

- I. a) Explain reflection and refraction of vertically polarized wave. Derive expressions for the reflection and refraction coefficient.

OR

- b) Discuss the motion of charged particles in uniform $E \rightarrow$ and $B \rightarrow$ fields.

- II. a) Explain Guage transformations. Obtain the Lorentz Guage condition.

OR

- b) Derive the electromagnetic field tensor which is consistent with the equation of charge continuity. **(2×12=24)**

SECTION – B

Answer **any four** questions. Question **(a)** carries **1** mark, **(b)** carries **3** marks, **(c)** carries **5** marks.

- III. a) Define the electric scalar potential.
b) Show that the electric field generated by a stationary charge is a conservative field.
c) Explain Gauss's law in electrostatics.
- IV. a) State Poynting's theorem.
b) What is the significance of the Poynting's vector ?
c) Derive the Poynting theorem.

P.T.O.

K21P 4198



- V. a) What is a wave guide ?

- b) For a rectangular wave guide with a wall separation of 0.03m and desired frequency of operation of 6 Ghz. Calculate the cut off frequency and cut off wavelength.

- c) Explain the TE and TM mode of propagation.

- VI. a) What is a Hertizan dipole ?

- b) Explain radiation resistance of a Hertizan dipole antenna.

- c) Discuss Magnetic dipole radiation and arrive at the equation for magnetic dipole radiation.

- VII. a) What is radiation reaction ?

- b) Explain the significance of radiation reaction.

- c) Derive the Abraham Lorentz formula.

- VIII. a) What are the types of polarization ?

- b) Explain Brewsters angle.

- c) Prove the Snell's law of refraction for oblique incidence.

(4×9=36)