Reg. No.:	
Name :	

II Semester M.A. Degree (C.B.S.S. - Reg./Supple./Imp.) Examination, April 2023

(2019 Admission Onwards)

ECONOMICS/APPLIED ECONOMICS/DEV. ECONOMICS ECO 2C08: Public Economics - I

Max. Marks: 60

Time: 3 Hours

SECTION - A

Answer all questions - Objective types.

 $(8 \times \frac{1}{2} = 4)$ 

1. Concentration and displacement effect in public expenditure are attributed to

d) Kenneth Arrow and Paul A. Samuelson

- a) A. R. Prest and I. M. D. Little
- b) A. C. Pigou and J. K. Mehta c) Allen T. Peacock and Jack Wiseman
- 2. Impact of a tax refers to
  - a) Final money burden
- d) None of the above
- c) Indirect real burden

b) Immediate money burden

- 3. Of those listed below, pick the best example for pure public good a) Book

  - b) Music event in an auditorium c) Radio broadcast
  - d) Taxi service
- 4. If the public debt can be financed without adding to inflation or causing interest rates to rise, it is said to be a) Following the golden rule of the public finance
  - b) Balanced

  - c) Unbalanced d) Sustainable

P.T.O.

## 5. According to the principle of sound finance

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- a) Government should spend the least and tax the little
  - b) Maximum Government spending
  - c) Minimum Government spending
  - d) The expenditure should be greater than revenue
  - \_ is a broad based and a single comprehensive tax levied on goods and services consumed in an economy.
- a) GST b) CENVAT
  - c) VAT
- d) Income tax
- 7. GST is based on
  - a) Maximum social advantage principle b) Cost-Benefit principle
  - c) Destination-based consumption d) None of the above
- 8. If the demand for a commodity is perfectly elastic, the entire tax burden will be upon a) Seller
  - b) Buyer c) On both buyer and seller

d) None of these

## Answer any eight questions. Each carries 2 marks. 9. Distinguish between public good and pure public good.

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SECTION - B

10. Write very short note on Value Added Tax (VAT). 11. What is free rider problem?

 $(8 \times 2 = 16)$ 

12. Distinguish between incidence and burden. 13. Distinguish between funded and unfunded debt.

## 16. What is debt trap? 17. What is the difference between social goods and private goods?

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18. What is floating debt?

19. What is pump priming?

Government?

goods.

14. What is functional finance?

15. What is principle of sound finance?

SECTION - C

Write a note on Wagner's law of increasing state activity.

 $(4 \times 5 = 20)$ 

22. Analyse the effect of public expenditure on production. 23. What are the advantages and disadvantages of issuing public debt for the

Answer any four questions. Each carries 5 marks.

24. Discuss Arrow's impossibility theorem. 25. Distinguish basic characteristics of private goods from those of the public

20. What is fiscal policy? Discuss the objectives of fiscal policy.

 $(2 \times 10 = 20)$ 

- Answer any two questions. Each carries 10 marks. 26. Explain the various methods adopted for redemption of public debt.
- 28. Discuss the important determinants of shifting of tax burden.

SECTION - D

Discuss the important tax reforms in India.

Discuss trends and growth of public expenditure in India.