



Reg. No. : .....

Name : .....

**First Semester B.Sc. Honours in Mathematics (C.B.C.S.S. – O.B.E. –  
Supplementary/Improvement) Examination, November 2024  
(2021 to 2023 Admission)**

Core Course

1B02BMH : FOUNDATIONS OF MATHEMATICS

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 60

## PART – A

Answer any 4 questions. Each question carries 1 mark.

(4×1=4)

1. Define Range of an  $m \times n$  matrix A.
2. What is the graphical characterization of a bijective function defined on  $\mathbb{R}$  ?
3. Define partition of a non-empty set.
4. Define hyperplane in  $\mathbb{R}^n$ .
5. Define Kernal of an  $m \times n$  matrix A.

## PART – B

Answer any 6 questions. Each question carries 2 marks.

(6×2=12)

6.  $f: X \rightarrow Y$  such that  $f(A \cap B) = f(A) \cap f(B)$  holds for all subsets A and B of X. Show that f is one-one.
7.  $f: X \rightarrow Y$  and  $g: Y \rightarrow Z$  be two one-one functions. Is  $g \circ f$  one-one ? Justify.
8. Let  $X = \mathbb{N} \times \mathbb{N}$ . Define  $(m, n) \sim (p, q)$  iff  $m + q = p + n$ . Show that the relation is transitive.
9. Write example of a relation that is not a function.
10. Find the angle between vectors  $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$  and  $\begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ .
11. State basic properties of inner product of  $\mathbb{R}^n$ .
12. State elementary row operations.

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13. Write an example for augmented matrix.

14. When do we say that a matrix is in Row echelon form ?

## PART – C

Answer any 8 questions. Each question carries 4 marks.

(8×4=32)

15.  $f: [0, \pi) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  given by  $f(x) = \cos x$ . Check whether f is one-one.
16.  $f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  given by  $f(x) = x^2$ . Show that  $f([-4, 3]) = [0, 16]$ .
17. Show that a function  $f: X \rightarrow Y$  is one-one iff  $A = f^{-1}(f(A))$  for each  $A \subseteq X$ .
18. Define equivalence relation. Let X be a non-empty set and  $\sim$  be an equivalence relation on X. If  $y \in [x]$ , then show that  $[x] = [y]$ .
19. Write the equivalence classes and the transversal of the relation  
 $R = \{(x, y) \in \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} : xy > 0\} \cup \{(0, 0)\}$ .
20. Let  $X = \mathbb{Z}^*$ , set of non-zero integers. Define a relation R on X by  $mRn$  iff m divides n. Check whether the relation is reflexive, symmetric, anti-symmetric and transitive.
21. Show that the planes  $x + 2y - 3z = 0$  and  $x - 2y + 5z = 4$  intersect in a line. Find vector equation of line of intersection.
22. If  $v = (1, 2)^T$ , then find a unit vector in the same direction as v.
23. Write the Cartesian equation of the plane

$$\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{pmatrix} = s \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} + t \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 1 \\ 7 \end{pmatrix}; s, t \in \mathbb{R}.$$

24. Define rank of a matrix M. Find the rank of the matrix  $M = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 3 & 0 & 5 \\ 3 & 5 & 1 & 6 \end{pmatrix}$ .

25. Solve the system of equations using Gaussian Elimination

$$x + y + z = 3$$

$$2x + y + z = 4$$

$$x - y + 2z = 5.$$

26. Check whether the system of equations are consistent or inconsistent

$$x + y + 3z + w = 2, x - y + z + w = 4, y + 2z + 2w = 0.$$



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## PART – D

Answer any 2 questions. Each question carries 6 marks.

(2×6=12)

27. State and prove the following :

- a) The Induction Principle  $\Rightarrow$  The Strong Induction Principle.
- b) The Well Ordering Principle  $\Rightarrow$  The Induction Principle.

28. State and prove Cantor's theorem.

29. If A is an  $n \times n$  matrix, show that the following statements are equivalent.

- a)  $A^{-1}$  exist.
- b)  $Ax = b$  has a unique solution for any  $b \in \mathbb{R}^n$ .
- c)  $Ax = 0$  only has trivial solution  $x = 0$ .
- d) The reduced row echelon form of A is I.

30. Are the following lines  $L_1$  and  $L_2$  intersecting, parallel or skew ?

$$L_1: \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} + t \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}; t \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$L_2: \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 6 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} + t \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 1 \\ 7 \end{pmatrix}; t \in \mathbb{R}.$$