Reg. No. : .....

Name : .....

Third Semester B.Sc. Honours in Mathematics Degree
(CBCSS – Supplementary/Improvement) Examination, November 2022
(2017 – 2020 Admissions)

BHM 303 : ORDINARY DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 60

SECTION - A

Answer any 4 questions out of 5 questions. Each question carries 1 mark.

- 1. What do you mean by order of a differential equation?
- 2. What do you mean by exact first order differential equation?
- If y<sub>1</sub> and y<sub>2</sub> are two solutions of an ordinary differential equation, find their Wronskian.
- Give an example for a non-homogeneous linear system of ordinary differential equations.
- 5. What do you mean by initial value problem?

 $(4 \times 1 = 4)$ 

SECTION - B

Answer any 6 questions out of 9 questions. Each question carries 2 marks.

- 6. Solve the differential equation  $y' = 1 + y^2$ .
- 7. Solve  $y' + y \tan x = \sin 2x$ .
- 8. Solve the differential equation y'' y = 0.
- 9. Find the Wronskian of the solutions of the differential equation y'' 2y' + y = 0.
- 10. Solve the differential equation  $x^2y'' + 1.5xy' 0.5y = 0$ .

P.T.O.

## K22U 3678

- 11. Solve the differential equation  $y^{iv} + 16y'' = 0$ .
- 12. Convert the differential equation 2y'' 3y' 2y = 0 into a system of first order differential equations.
- 13. Find the error in Runge-Kutta second order formula.
- 14. Using Euler's method, find the value of y(0.1), given that y' = 1 y, y(0) = 0. (6×2=12)

## SECTION - C

Answer any 8 questions out of 12 questions. Each question carries 4 marks.

- 15. Solve the differential equation  $2xyy' = y^2 x^2$ .
- 16. Find a suitable integrating factor for the differential equation -y dx + x dy = 0 to convert the equation into exact form and hence solve it.
- 17. What do you mean by orthogonal trajectories of a given family of curves? What are the steps to find the orthogonal trajectories of a family of curves?
- 18. Solve the initial value problem y'' + y = 0, y(0) = 3.0, y'(0) = -0.5.
- 19. Solve the differential equation y'' + y' + 0.25 y = 0, y(0) = 3.0, y'(0) = -3.5.
- 20. Using the method of variation of parameters, solve the differential equation y'' + y = secx.
- 21. Solve  $x^2y'' xy' + y = \log x$ .
- 22. Solve the differential equation  $y''' 3y'' + 3y' y = e^x x 1$ .
- 23. State and prove superposition principle of solutions of the homogeneous linear system of differential equations y' = Ay.
- 24. Using Taylor series method find the value of y(0.1) correct to four decimal places, given that

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 1 + xy, y(0) = 2$$

- 25. Using Picard's method, solve the equation y' = y subject to the condition y(0) = 1 (conduct 2 iterations).
- 26. Using the modified Euler's method, determine the value of y when x = 0.1, given that y(0) = 2 and y' = 1 + xy. (8×4=32)

-3-

K22U 3678

## SECTION - D

Answer any 2 questions out of 4 questions. Each question carries 6 marks.

- 27. A tank contains 1000 gal of water in which 200 lb of salt are dissolved. Fifty gallons of brine, each containing (1 + cost) lb of dissolved salt, run into the tank per minute. The mixture, kept uniform by stirring, runs out at the same rate. Find the amount of salt y(t) in the tank at any time t.
- 28. Solve the initial value problem  $y'' + 2y' + 0.75y = 2 \cos x 0.25 \sin x + 0.09x$ , y(0) = 2.78, y'(0) = -0.43.
- 29. Solve the initial value problem  $y''' + 3y'' + 3y' + y = 30e^{-x}$ , y(0) = 3, y'(0) = -3, y''(0) = -47.
- 30. Using Runge-Kutta Fourth order formula, find the values of y(0.2) and y(0.4) correct to four decimal places, given that

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 1 + y^2, y(0) = 0$$

(2×6=12)