



Reg. No. :

Name :

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Third Semester B.Sc. Honours in Mathematics Degree
(CBCSS – Supplementary/Improvement) Examination, November 2022
(2017-2020 Admissions)
BHM 302 : VECTOR CALCULUS

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 60

Answer any 4 out of 5 questions. Each question carries 1 mark :

1. Define limit of a vector function.
2. Define length of a smooth curve.
3. State Fubini's theorem.
4. State Fundamental theorem of line integrals.
5. Define Stoke's theorem.

Answer any 6 questions out of 9 questions. Each question carries 2 marks :

6. If $\vec{r}(t) = \cos t \mathbf{i} + \sin t \mathbf{j} + t \mathbf{k}$, then find $\lim_{t \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}} \vec{r}(t)$.
7. Find the velocity and acceleration of a particle whose motion in space is given by the position vector $\vec{r}(t) = 2 \cos t \mathbf{i} + 2 \sin t \mathbf{j} + 5 \cos^2 t \mathbf{k}$.
8. A straight line is parametrized by $\vec{r}(t) = \vec{C} + t\vec{v}$ for constant vector \vec{C} and \vec{v} . Find its curvature.
9. Calculate $\iint_R f(x, y) dA$ for $f(x, y) = 100 - 6x^2y$ and $R : 0 \leq x \leq 2, -1 \leq y \leq 1$.
10. Find the volume of the region bounded above by the elliptical paraboloid $z = 10 + x^2 + 3y^2$ and below by the rectangle $R : 0 \leq x \leq 1, 0 \leq y \leq 2$.
11. Evaluate $\iint_R e^{(x^2+y^2)} dy dx$ where R is the semicircular region bounded by the x -axis and the curve $y = \sqrt{1-x^2}$.

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12. Show that $\vec{F} = (2x-3)\mathbf{i} - z\mathbf{j} + \cos z\mathbf{k}$ is not conservative.
13. Find the workdone by the conservative field $F = \nabla f$ where $f = xyz$ along any smooth curve C joining the point $A(-1, 3, 9)$ to $B(1, 6, -4)$.
14. Prove that $(\text{curl grad}) f = 0$.

Answer any 8 questions out of 12 questions. Each question carries 4 marks :

15. Find the arclength parametrization of a helix $\vec{r}(t) = \cos t \mathbf{i} + \sin t \mathbf{j} + t \mathbf{k}$ from t_0 to t .
16. Find the derivative of $f(x, y) = xe^{xy} + \cos(xy)$ at the point $(2, 0)$ in the direction of $\vec{v} = 3\mathbf{i} - 4\mathbf{j}$.
17. Find the principal unit normal vector N for the helix $\vec{r}(t) = a \cos t \mathbf{i} + a \sin t \mathbf{j} + btk$, $a, b \geq 0, a^2 + b^2 \neq 0$ and describe how the vector is pointing.
18. Find the tangent plane and normal line of the surface $f(x, y, z) = x^2 + y^2 + z - 9 = 0$ at the point $P_0(1, 2, 4)$.
19. Find the volume of the solid region bounded above by the paraboloid $z = 9 - x^2 - y^2$ and below by the unit circle in the xy -plane.
20. Find the average value of $F(x, y, z) = xyz$ throughout the cubical region D bounded by the coordinate planes and the planes $x = 2, y = 2, z = 2$ in the first octant.
21. Find the centroid ($\delta = 1$) of the solid enclosed by the cylinder $x^2 + y^2 = 4$ bounded above by the paraboloid $z = x^2 + y^2$ and below by the xy -plane.
22. Integrate $f(x, y, z) = x - 3y^2 + z$ over the line segment C joining the origin to the point $(1, 1, 1)$.
23. Evaluate $\int_C \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r}$ where $\vec{F}(x, y, z) = z\mathbf{i} + xy\mathbf{j} - y^2\mathbf{k}$ along the curve C given by $\vec{r}(t) = t^2\mathbf{i} + t\mathbf{j} + \sqrt{t}\mathbf{k}, 0 \leq t \leq 1$.
24. A fluid's velocity field is $\vec{F} = xi + zj + yk$. Find the flow along the helix $\vec{r}(t) = \cos t \mathbf{i} + \sin t \mathbf{j} + t \mathbf{k}, 0 \leq t \leq \frac{\pi}{2}$.



25. Find the surface area of the cone $z = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}, 0 \leq z \leq 1$.
 26. Verify Divergence theorem for the vector field $\vec{F} = xi + yj + zk$ over the sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = a^2$.
- Answer any 2 questions out of 4 questions. Each question carries 6 marks :
27. Find the principal unit normal vector N and unit tangent vector T for the circular motion $\vec{r}(t) = \cos 2t \mathbf{i} + \sin 2t \mathbf{j}$.
 28. Integrate $F(x, y, z) = 1$ over the tetrahedron D with vertices $(0, 0, 0), (1, 1, 0), (0, 1, 0)$ and $(0, 1, 1)$ in the order $dzdydx$.
 29. Show that $\vec{F} = (e^x \cos y + yz)\mathbf{i} + (xz - e^x \sin y)\mathbf{j} + (xy + z)\mathbf{k}$ is conservative over its natural domain and find a potential function for it.
 30. Find the surface area of a sphere of radius a .