

Reg. No. :

Name :

I Semester B.Sc. Honours in Mathematics (CBCSS – OBE – Regular)
Examination, November 2022
(2021 Admission Onwards)
Core Course
1B01 BMH : CALCULUS – 1

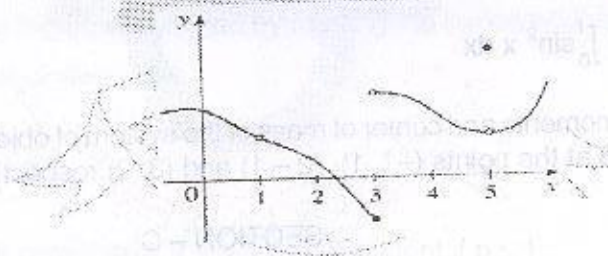
Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 60

SECTION – A

Answer any four questions out of five questions. Each question carries one mark.

- Who gave the notion of e to exponential function?
- Figure below shows the graph of a function f . At which numbers is f discontinuous?



- Find $\frac{d}{dx}(\tan^{-1}(\sin x))$.
- State Fundamental theorem of calculus.
- Set up, but do not evaluate, an integral for the length of the curve, $y = \cos x$, $0 \leq x \leq 2\pi$.

P.T.O.

SECTION – B

Answer any 6 questions out of 9 questions. Each question carries 2 marks.

- Find the domain and range of $\frac{1}{2}e^{-x} - 1$.
- Estimate the value of $\lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{t^2+9} - 3}{t^2}$.
- The radius of a sphere was measured and found to be 21 cm with a possible error in measurement of almost 0.05 cm. What is the maximum error in using this value of the radius to compute the volume of the sphere?
- Prove the identity $\tan^{-1} x + \cot^{-1} x = \frac{\pi}{2}$.
- Calculate $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\theta^x}{x^x}$.
- Set up an expression for $\int_1^3 e^x dx$ as a limit of sums.
- Evaluate $\int \frac{\cos \theta}{\sin^2 \theta} d\theta$.
- Evaluate $\int_0^1 \sin^2 x dx$.
- Find the moments and center of mass of the system of objects that have masses 3, 4 and 8 at the points $(-1, 1)$, $(2, -1)$ and $(3, 2)$ respectively.

SECTION – C

Answer any 8 questions out of 12 questions. Each question carries 4 marks.

- Suppose that a ball is dropped from the upper observation deck of the CN Tower in Toronto, 450 m above the ground. Find the velocity of the ball after 5 seconds.
- Use ϵ, δ definition to prove $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} x^2 = 9$.
- Where is the function $f(x) = \frac{(\ln x + \tan^{-1} x)}{x^2 - 1}$ continuous?

- If f and g are continuous at a , then show that $f + g$ is continuous at a .

19. Show that $\sinh^{-1} x = \ln(x + \sqrt{x^2 + 1})$.

20. Find the absolute maximum and minimum values of the function

$$f(x) = x^3 - 3x^2 + 1, -\frac{1}{2} \leq x \leq 4.$$

21. Verify that the function
- $f(x) = x^3 + x - 1$
- , satisfies the hypotheses of the Mean Value Theorem on the interval
- $[0, 2]$
- . Then find all numbers that satisfy the conclusion of the Mean Value Theorem.

22. Let $f(x) = \frac{2x^2}{x^2 - 1}$.

i) Find domain of f .

ii) Find vertical and horizontal asymptote.

23. Find the area enclosed by the line
- $y = x - 1$
- and the parabola
- $y^2 = 2x + 6$
- .

24. Find the volume of the solid obtained by rotating the region bounded by
- $y = x^3$
- ,
- $y = 8$
- and
- $x = 0$
- about the
- y
- axis.

25. Calculate $\int_0^1 \tan^{-1} x dx$.

26. Show that
- $\int_1^{\infty} \frac{1}{x^p} dx$
- is convergent if
- $p > 1$
- and divergent if
- $p \leq 1$
- .

SECTION – D

Answer any 2 questions out of 4 questions. Each question carries 6 marks.

27. Find the horizontal and vertical asymptotes of the graph of the function

$$f(x) = \frac{\sqrt{2x^2 + 1}}{3x - 5}$$

28. Discuss the curve
- $y = x^4 - 4x^3$
- with respect to concavity, points of inflection and local maxima and minima.

29. A tank has the shape of an inverted circular cone with height 10 m and base radius 4 m. It is filled with water to a height of 8 m. Find the work required to empty the tank by pumping all of the water to the top of the tank. (The density of water is
- 1000 kg/m^3
-).

30. i) The curve
- $y = \sqrt{4 - x^2}$
- ,
- $-1 \leq x \leq 1$
- , is an arc of the circle
- $x^2 + y^2 = 4$
- . Find the area of the surface obtained by rotating this arc about the
- x
- axis.

- ii) Find the centroid of the region bounded by the curves
- $y = \cos x$
- ,
- $y = 0$
- ,
- $x = 0$
- and
- $x = \frac{\pi}{2}$
- .