

**First Semester FYUGP Mathematics Examination**  
**NOVEMBER 2024 (2024 Admission onwards)**  
**KU1DSCCMT112 (MATHEMATICAL STATISTICS 1)**  
(EXAM DATE: 6-12-2024)

Time : 120 min

Maximum Marks : 70

**Part A (Answer any 6 questions. Each carries 3 marks)**

1. A coin is flipped 10 times. Let Y be the random variable representing the number of heads obtained. What is the probability of getting exactly 6 heads? 3
2. Define random variable . Give one example 3
3. If the cumulative distribution function of X is  $F(X)$ , Find the cumulative distribution function of  $Y = aX$  3
4. Define mathematical expectation of a random variable X when (i) X is discrete (ii) X is continuous. 3
5. Show that  $E(aX + b) = aE(X) + b$  3
6.  $Var(X) = 0$  implies  $P[X=E(X)]=1$  .Comment 3
7. prove that  $E(X^{1/2}) \leq [E(X)]^{1/2}$ .  
Where X is a non negative random variable. 3
8. prove that  $E(X^2) \geq \frac{1}{[E(\frac{1}{X})]^2}$   
Where X is a positive random variable. 3

**Part B (Answer any 4 questions. Each carries 6 marks)**

9. A random variable X has  $F(x)$  as its distribution function and  $f(x)$  as the density function. Find the distribution and density functions of the random variable  
(i)  $Y = \tan X$ ,  
(ii)  $Y = \cos X$  6
10. Prove that the Mathematical Expectation of a sum of  $n$  random variables is equal to the sum of their Expectations, provided all the Expectations exist 6
11. Prove that the Mathematical Expectation of a product of a number of independent random variables is equal to the product of their Expectations 6

1

12. In lottery m tickets are drawn at a time out of n tickets numbered 1 to n. Find the expectation of the sum S of the numbers on the tickets drawn 6

13. Let the variate X have the following distribution

$$P(X = 0) = P(X = 2) = p, \quad P(X = 1) = 1 - 2p, \quad \text{for } 0 \leq p \leq \frac{1}{2}$$

For what  $p$  is the  $Var(X)$  maximum 6

14. Prove that

- (i)  $E[\log(X)] \leq \log[E(X)]$  Where X is a non negative random variable.
- (ii)  $E(X)E(\frac{1}{X}) \geq 1$  Where X is a positive random variable.
- (iii)  $E(X^2)E(\frac{1}{X}) \geq E(X)$  Where X is a positive random variable.

6

**Part C (Answer any 2 question(s). Each carries 14 marks)**

15. For the following bivariate probability distribution of X and Y, find

- i  $P(X \leq 1, Y = 2)$
- ii  $P(X \leq 1)$
- iii  $P(Y = 3)$
- iv  $P(Y \leq 3)$
- v  $P(X < 3, Y \leq 4)$

14

16. Let X be a continuous random variable with probability density function:

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} ax & \text{if } 0 \leq x < 1, \\ a & \text{if } 1 \leq x < 2, \\ -ax + 3a & \text{if } 2 \leq x < 3, \\ 0 & \text{elsewhere.} \end{cases}$$

- i Determine the constant  $a$ .
- ii Find  $P(X \leq 1.5)$ .

14

17. A random variable X has the following probability distribution:

$x$	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
$p(x)$	0	$k$	$2k$	$2k$	$3k$	$k^2$	$2k^2$	$7k^2 + k$

- (i) Find  $k$ . (ii) Evaluate  $P(X < 6)$ ,  $P(X = 6)$ , (iii)  $P(0 < X < 5)$ . (iv) If  $P(X \geq c) > 1/2$ , find the minimum value of  $c$ .
- (v) Determine the distribution function of X.

14