

Reg. No. :

Name :

**IV Semester B.Sc. Degree (C.B.C.S.S. – O.B.E. – Regular/Supplementary/
Improvement) Examination, April 2024
(2019 to 2022 Admissions)**

**COMPLEMENTARY ELECTIVE COURSE IN MATHEMATICS
4C04 MAT-CH : Mathematics for Chemistry – IV**

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 40

PART – A

Answer **any four** questions. **Each** question carries **1** mark.

- Write the standard form of a Two-dimensional Laplace Equation.
- Differentiate between linear and non-linear PDE.
- Write general formula for numerical integration.
- Define cyclic group.
- Define symmetric operation. (4×1=4)

PART – B

Answer **any seven** questions. **Each** question carries **2** marks.

- Identify the type of following Quasi-linear PDE
 - $2xyU_{xy} + xU_y + yU_x = 0$
 - $U_{xx} + U_{xy} + 5U_{yy} + 6U_x = 0$.
- Find the characteristics of $3U_{xx} + 10U_{xy} + 3U_{yy} = 0$.
- Give one dimensional heat equation with boundary conditions. Give solution of the problem by Fourier Series.
- Find the deflection of vibrating string of unit length having fixed ends with initial velocity zero and deflection $f(x) = k(\sin x - \sin 2x)$.

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- Find the function $U(x, t)$ satisfies the initial value problem.

$$\frac{\partial^2 U}{\partial t^2} = \frac{\partial^2 U}{\partial x^2}, x \in \mathbb{R}, t > 0, U(x, 0) = x, U_t(x, 0) = 0.$$

- Evaluate $\int_0^9 xe^{0.5x} dx$ using the trapezoidal rule with $n = 3$ to 3 decimal places.
- Solve the initial-value problem $y' = y - x, y(0) = \frac{1}{2}$ using modified Euler's method with $h = 0.1$ to obtain an approximation to $y(1)$.
- Solve the initial-value problem $y' = -y, y(0) = 1$ using Euler's method with $h = 0.01$ to obtain an approximation to $y(0.04)$.
- Let G be a group with $(ab)^2 = a^2b^2$ for every a, b in G . Show that G is abelian.
- Show that the three reflection of NH_3 constitute a class. (7×2=14)

PART – C

Answer **any four** questions. **Each** question carries **3** marks.

- Solve using the method of separation of variables

$$\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x^2} - 2\frac{\partial z}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} = 0.$$
- Give the condition when Quasi-linear equation $AU_{xx} + BU_{xy} + CU_{yy} = F(x, y, u, u_x, u_y)$ is
 - Hyperbolic
 - Elliptic
 - Parabolic.
- Approximate $\int_0^1 \sqrt{1+x^3} dx$ using the Trapezoidal rule with $n = 5$ to 3 decimal places.
- Solve the differential equation $y' = x + y$ with conditions $y(0) = 1$ by Taylor series method. Hence find the value of y at $x = 0.1$ and $x = 0.2$.
- List the five type of symmetry elements of molecule.
- Prove that in any abelian group each element is in a class by itself.
- Give multiplication table of a group of order 3. (4×3=12)



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PART – D

Answer **any two** questions. **Each** question carries **5** marks.

- Solve the one dimensional wave equation, $U_{tt} = c^2U_{xx}$, satisfying $U(0, t) = U(l, t) = 0 \forall t$ and initial deflection is given by

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \sin\left(\frac{\pi x}{c}\right) & 0 \leq x \leq c \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \text{ and } U_t(x, 0) = 0.$$

- Find the first four terms of the Taylor expansion of the solution of $y' = x + y^2, y(0) = 1$ about $x_0 = 0$.
- Given that $\frac{dy}{dx} = y - x$ where $y(0) = 2$, find $y(0.1)$ and $y(0.4)$ correct to four decimal places, using Runge-Kutta second order formula. Take $h = 0.1$.
- From the group multiplication table for water molecule by verifying the properties of a group. (2×5=10)