Reg. No.:....

Name :

IV Semester B.Sc. Degree (C.B.C.S.S. – Supplementary/One Time Mercy Chance) Examination, April 2024 (2014 to 2018 Admissions)

COMPLEMENTARY COURSE IN MATHEMATICS 4C04 MAT-PH: Mathematics For Physics and Electronics – IV

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 40

SECTION - A

All the first 4 questions are compulsory. They carry 1 mark each.

 $(4 \times 1 = 4)$

- 1. What curve is given by the parametric representation r(t) = [3 cos t, 4 sin t, t].
- 2. Find the gradient of $f(x, y) = x^2 y^2$ at (-1, 3). 3. Let $F = [y^2, -x^2]$ and C be the straight line segment from (0, 0) to (1, 4). Find
- F(r) dr. State Newton's forward difference interpolation formula.

SECTION - B

Answer any 7 questions from among the questions 5 to 13. These questions carry 2 marks each. $(7 \times 2 = 14)$

- 5. Prove that $\nabla(fg) = f\nabla g + g\nabla f$.
- 6. Prove that v = [2y, 2z, 4x + z] is irrotational.
- 7. Find the value of $F(r) \cdot dr$, when F(r) = zi + xj + yk and C is $r(t) = \cos ti + \sin tj + 3tk$.

P.T.O.

K24U 0928

7.52

2.06

 $(4 \times 3 = 12)$

- 8. Using Green's theorem, find the area of the ellipse $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$. 9. Find a real root of the equation $x^3 - x - 1 = 0$, using bisection method.
- Certain corresponding values of x and log₁₀x are (300, 2.4771), (304, 2.4829), (305, 2.4843) and (307, 2.4871). Find log₁₀301, using Lagrange's interpolation
- formula. 11. From the following table evaluate $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x)dx$, using Trapezoidal rule.
- 7.517.507.49 7.487.47 X 2.03 2.01 1.98 1.95 1.93 f(x) 12. From the Taylor series for y(x), find y(0.1) correct to four decimal places if y(x)
- satisfies $y' = x y^2$ and y(0) = 1. 13. Use Picard's method to obtain a series solution for $\frac{dy}{dx} = 1 + xy$, y(0) = 1.
- SECTION C Answer any 4 questions from among the questions 14 to 19. These questions carry 3 marks each.

14. Find the tangent to the ellipse $\frac{x^2}{4} + y^2 = 1$ at $P\left(\sqrt{2}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right)$.

15. Find the length of the catenary $r(t) = ti + \cosh tj$ from t = 0 to t = 1.

16. Using divergence theorem, evaluate $I = \iint_{S} (x^3 dy dz + x^2 y dz dx + x^2 z dx dy)$ where S is the closed surface consisting of the cylinder $x^2 + y^2 = a^2$, $(0 \le z \le b)$ and the circular disks z = 0 and z = b. 17. Find the cubic polynomial which takes the following values: y(1) = 24,

y(3) = 120, y(5) = 336 and y(7) = 720.

19. Using Euler's modified method, find an approximate value of y(x) when x = 0.4, given that $\frac{dy}{dx} = x + y$, y(0) = 0 by choosing h = 0.2.

X

1.0

2.7183

paraboloid $z = 1 - (x^2 + y^2), z \ge 0$.

-3-

1.6

4.9530

1.8

6.0496

2.0

7.3891

9.0250

2.2

K24U 0928

SECTION - D

18. From the following values of x and y obtain $\frac{dy}{dx}$ at x = 1.2.

1.4

4.0552

1.2

3.3201

 $(2 \times 5 = 10)$ carry 5 marks each. 20. Find the torsion of the curve r(t) = [a cos t, a sin t, ct]. 21. Verify Stoke's theorem for the function F = yi + zj + zk integrated round the

Answer any 2 questions from among the questions 20 to 23. These questions

22. A solid of revolution is formed by rotating about the x-axis the area between the x-axis, the lines x = 0 and x = 1 and a curve through the points with the following coordinates:

у	1.0000	0.9090	0.9309	0.9009	0.0413	
No. 100	NAME OF TAXABLE PARTY.					
Estima	ate the volu	me of the	solid form	ed, giving	the answer	to three decimal

23. Use Runge-Kutta fourth order formula to find y(0.2) and y(0.4) given that

 $y' = \frac{y^2 - x^2}{v^2 + x^2}, y(0) = 1.$

0.00

places.