

Reg. No. :

Name :

VI Semester B.Sc. Degree (CBCSS – Supple./Improv.) Examination, April 2022
(2016 – 2018 Admissions)
CORE COURSE IN MATHEMATICS
6B13MAT : Mathematical Analysis and Topology

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 48

SECTION – A

All the first 4 questions are compulsory. They carry 1 mark each.

1. Define an elementary step function on $[a, b]$.
2. State Dini's Theorem.
3. Give an example of a set with unique limit point in the usual metric space \mathbb{R} .
4. Write the smallest topology on $X = \{a, b, c, d\}$.

SECTION – B

Answer any 8 questions from among the questions 5 to 14. These questions carry 2 marks each.

5. If $f \in \mathcal{R}[a, b]$ and if (ϕ_n) is any sequence of tagged partitions of $[a, b]$ such that $\|\phi_n\| \rightarrow 0$, then prove that $\int_a^b f = \lim_n S(f, \phi_n)$.
6. Prove that if $f \in \mathcal{R}[a, b]$, then the value of the integral is unique.
7. State the substitution theorem for Riemann integration.
8. Show that the sequence of functions (f_n) defined on $[0, 1]$ by the rule $f_n(x) = x^n$ does not converge uniformly on $[0, 1]$.
9. Find the limit function of the sequence of functions $(x^n/(1+x^n))$ defined on $[0, 2]$. Is the limit function continuous on $[0, 2]$?
10. Prove that in a metric space (X, d) the null set, ϕ and the full set, X are open.

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11. Show that in a metric space each closed sphere is a closed set.
12. Prove that in a metric space every convergent sequence is a Cauchy sequence.
13. Explain the concept of interior of a set in a topological space with an example.
14. Prove that in every topological space X , we have $\overline{A \cup B} = \overline{A} \cup \overline{B}$.

SECTION – C

Answer any 4 questions from among the questions 15 to 20. These questions carry 4 marks each.

15. Prove that a function $f: [a, b] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ belongs to $\mathcal{R}[a, b]$ if and only if for every $\epsilon > 0$ there exists $\eta > 0$ such that if ϕ and ψ are any tagged partitions of $[a, b]$ with $\|\phi\| < \eta$ and $\|\psi\| < \eta$, then $|S(f, \phi) - S(f, \psi)| < \epsilon$.
16. State and prove integration by parts for the Riemann integral.
17. Find the radius of convergence of $\sum a_n x^n$, where a_n is given by :
 - i) $\frac{1}{n^n}$
 - ii) $\frac{n^n}{n!}$ and
 - iii) $\frac{(n!)^2}{(2n)!}$
18. Show that in a metric space a set is open if and only if it is a union of open spheres.
19. Let X be an infinite set and \mathcal{T} consist of the empty set ϕ together with those subsets of X whose complements are finite. Show that \mathcal{T} is a topology on X . Also if $A \subseteq X$ is finite, then find \overline{A} .
20. Prove that any closed subset of a topological space is the disjoint union of its set of isolated points and its set of limit points.

SECTION – D

Answer any 2 questions from among the questions 21 to 24. These questions carry 6 marks each.

21. State squeeze theorem and using it prove that, if $f: [a, b] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ is continuous on $[a, b]$, then $f \in \mathcal{R}[a, b]$.
22. State and prove the Fundamental Theorem of Calculus (Second Form). Deduce that, if f is continuous on $[a, b]$, then its indefinite integral F is differentiable on $[a, b]$ and $F'(x) = f(x)$ for all $x \in [a, b]$.
23. Define the boundary of a set in a metric space, give an example and show that boundary of A is equal to $\overline{A} \cap \overline{A^c}$. Also prove that A is closed if and only if it contains its boundary.
24. If $f: X \rightarrow Y$ is a mapping of one topological space to another, then show that f is continuous if and only if $f(\overline{A}) \subseteq \overline{f(A)}$.