

Reg. No. : .....

Name : .....

## VI Semester B.Sc. Degree (CBCSS – Supple./Improv.)

Examination, April 2022

(2016-2018 Admissions)

## CORE COURSE IN MATHEMATICS

## 6B11MAT : Numerical Methods and Partial Differential Equations

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 48

## SECTION – A

Answer all the questions. Each question carries 1 mark :

- Write Newton's backward difference interpolation polynomial.
- Give the one dimensional heat equation.
- What is the order of the partial differential equation  $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial x}\right)^3 = 0$  ?
- Write down the D'Alembert's solution of wave equation.

## SECTION – B

Answer any eight questions. Each question carries 2 marks :

- Verify that the smallest positive root of  $x^3 - 5x + 1 = 0$  lies in the interval (0, 1).
- Perform two iterations of the bisection method to obtain the smallest positive root of the equation  $x^3 - 3x - 1 = 0$ .
- Prove that  $\Delta(f_i^2) = (f_i + f_{i+1}) \Delta f_i$ .
- Distinguish between linear interpolation and quadratic interpolation.
- Using the method  $f''(x_0) = \frac{1}{h^2} [f_0 - 2f_1 + f_2]$ , obtain an approximate value of  $f''(-1)$  with  $h = 1$ , for the following data.

x	-1	-0.5	0	1
f(x)	2.7183	1.6487	1	0.3679

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10. Evaluate the following integral using trapezoidal rule with
- $n = 2$

$$\int_0^1 \frac{dx}{3+2x}$$

11. Find the error term in the formula
- $f'(x_0) = \frac{1}{2h} (-3f(x_0) + 4f(x_1) - f(x_2))$
- .

12. Solve the IVP
- $y' = 2y - x$
- ,
- $y(0) = 1$
- , by performing two iterations of Picard's method.

13. Verify that
- $u = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}}$
- satisfies the partial differential equation

$$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial z^2} = 0.$$

14. Solve the partial differential equation
- $u_x + u_y = 0$
- , by separating variables.

## SECTION – C

Answer any four questions. Each question carries 4 marks :

15. Using Newton Raphson method, find the value of
- $\frac{1}{18}$
- upto four decimal places taking suitable initial approximation.

16. Evaluate
- $\sqrt{5}$
- using the equation
- $x^2 - 5 = 0$
- by applying the fixed point iteration method.

17. Find the Lagrange interpolation polynomial that fits the following data values.

x	-1	2	3	4
f(x)	-1	11	31	69

18. Find the approximate value of
- $y(1.3)$
- for the IVP
- $y' = -2xy^2$
- ,
- $y(1) = 1$
- , using Taylor's second order method.

19. Derive Laplacian equation in polar coordinates.

20. Find the temperature in a laterally insulated bar of length
- $L$
- whose ends are kept temperature zero. Assume that the initial temperature is given by

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x & \text{if } 0 < x < \frac{L}{2} \\ L - x & \text{if } \frac{L}{2} < x < L \end{cases}$$

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## SECTION – D

Answer any two questions. Each question carries 6 marks :

21. The following table of the function
- $f(x) = e^{-x}$
- is given by

x	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8
f(x)	0.8187	0.7408	0.6703	0.6065	0.5488	0.4966	0.4493

- i) Using Gauss forward central difference formula, compute
- $f(0.55)$
- .

- ii) Using Gauss backward central difference formula, compute
- $f(0.45)$
- .

22. Evaluate
- $\int_0^2 \frac{dx}{x^2 + 2x + 10}$
- using Simpson's rule with
- $n = 2$
- . Compare with the exact solution.

23. Solve the initial value problem,
- $y' = x^2 + y^2$
- ,
- $y(1) = 2$
- in the interval
- $[1, 1.2]$
- using the classical Runge-Kutta fourth order method with the step size
- $h = 0.1$
- .

24. Find the solution of one dimensional wave equation by using Fourier series.