



Reg. No. :

Name :

VI Semester B.A./B.Sc./B.Com./B.B.A./B.B.A.T.T.M./B.B.M./B.C.A./B.S.W./
B.A. Afsal-UI-Ulama Degree (CCSS – Reg./Supple./Improv.)

Examination, May 2015

Open Course

6D01 ECO : HEALTH ECONOMICS ✓

(2012 Admn.)

Time : 2 Hours

Max. Weightage : 20

PART – A

This Part consists of **two** bunches of questions **carrying** equal weight of **one**. Each bunch consists of **four** objective type questions. Answer **all** questions.

I. Choose the **correct** answer.

- 1) Which state has the highest fertility rate in India ?

a) Meghalaya	b) Kerala
c) UP	d) Punjab
- 2) Death rate in India according to 2011 is

a) 9.48 deaths/1,000 population
b) 8.48 deaths/1,000 population
c) 7.48 deaths/1,000 population
d) 6.48 deaths/1,000 population
- 3) The sequence of changes that are brought about in a population due to the interplay of demographic events are known as

a) Demographic process
b) Migration
c) Structure and characteristics of population
d) Distribution of population



- 4) The age-sex distribution of a population, when it is diagrammatically represented is called
- a) Age pyramid b) Age cohort
c) Time path of population d) None of these
- II. 5) The number of births per thousand women of child bearing age is
- a) Crude birth rate b) General fertility rate
c) Total fertility rate d) Gross reproduction rate
- 6) Total Fertility Rate of Kerala in 2011 is
- a) 1.8 b) 2.0
c) 2.5 d) 2.8
- 7) The number of deaths of children less than one year of age per 1000 live births is
- a) Infant mortality rate b) Neonatal mortality
c) Live birth d) Child mortality rate
- 8) Identify the goal of NRHM
- a) Reduce infant mortality rate (IMR) and maternal mortality ratio (MMR)
b) Provide universal access to public health services
c) Provide access to integrated comprehensive primary healthcare
d) All the above

(Weightage : 2×1=2)

PART – B

Answer **any six** questions in **one** or **two** sentences **each**. **Each** question carries a weight of **one**.

9. What is birth rate ?
10. What do you mean by demographic dividend ?
11. Define life expectancy rate.
12. What do you mean by Neonatal Mortality Rate ?



13. Define Maternal Mortality Rate.
14. What is Morbidity Rate ?
15. What is meant by population aging ?
16. What is health care ?
17. Define economic development.
18. Define health.

(Weightage : 6×1=6)

PART – C

Answer **any four** questions. Answer **not** to exceed **one** page. **Each** carries **two** weightage.

19. Examine the nature of health economics.
20. Explain epidemiological transition.
21. What is the difference between acute and chronic illness ?
22. What are the measures of fertility rate ?
23. Evaluate the healthcare Policy of India.
24. Prepare a note on National Rural Health Mission.
25. Discuss the issue of malnutrition in India.
26. What are the health indicators ? Explain characteristics of health indicators.

(Weightage : 4×2=8)

PART – D

Answer **any one**. **Each** question carries a weightage of **four**.

27. What do you mean by theory of demographic transition ? Explain the Stages of Demographic transition.
28. "Urbanization has produced serious challenges to health care in India"—
Comment.
29. Explain the causes and consequences of malnutrition in India.

(Weightage : 1×4=4)