

Reg.	No	. :	
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# V Semester B.A. Degree (CBCSS – Reg./Sup./Imp.) Examination, November 2017 (2014 Admn. Onwards) CORE COURSE IN PHILOSOPHY 5B11 PHI: Introduction to Indian Aesthetics

Time: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 40

# PART-A

Answer all questions. Fill up the blanks. Each answer carry 1 mark.

1. The concluding portion of Veda is known as \_\_\_\_\_\_

Kāvya Sāstra is also known as \_\_\_\_\_\_

3. The author of Dhvanyāloka is\_\_\_\_\_

4. Utsāha is the Stāyibhāva of \_\_\_\_\_ rasa

 $(4 \times 1 = 4)$ 

# PART - B

Write short notes on any seven of the following. Answers should not exceed 50 words. Each answer carries 2 marks.

- 5. Auditory art.
- 6. Beauty.
- 7. Alamkāra.
- 8. Vakrokti school.
- 9. Nātyasāstra.
- 10. Laksana.

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- 11. Advaita.
- 12. Indian Architecture.
- 13. Vibhāva.
- 14. Soundarya Sāstra.

 $(7 \times 2 = 14)$ 

## PART-C

Answer any four questions. Answers should not exceed 100 words. Each answer carries 3 marks.

- Write a brief account on Beauty and Aesthetics.
- 16. Discuss the theories of composition.
- 17. Give an account of Vacika and Sattvika Abhinaya.
- 18. What are the important features of Riti School?
- 19. Describe the relation between Bhava and Rasa.
- 20. Evaluate the significance of Sphota theory in generating meaning.

 $(4 \times 3 = 12)$ 

### PART-D

Answer any two questions. Answers should not exceed 100 words. Each answer carries 5 marks.

- 21. Critically examine the features of Indian Aesthetics.
- 22. Compare the Samkhya and Advaita theory of art.
- Give an account of classification of Rasas and analyse corresponding Stayibhavas.
- 24. "Dhvani is the soul of poetry". Discuss the implication of this statement. (2x5=10)