

K16U 0581

IV Semester B.A. Degree (CBCSS-2014 Admn.-Regular) Examination, May 2016 CORE COURSE IN PHILOSOPHY

4B05 PHI: Ancient Indian Philosophy

Max. Marks: 40 Time: 3 Hours

PART-A

Answer all questions. Each answer carries 1 mark.

- 1. Which one of the following is a materialist school of Indian Philosophy?
 - a) Buddhism
- b) Carvaka
- c) Jainism
- d) Nyaya
- 2. The Buddhist doctrine which holds that everything is momentary is called
- a) Nairatmyavada b) Syadvada
- c) Kshanikavada d) Nayavada
- The Jaina theory of epistemology is known as
 - a) Syadvada
- b) Anekantavada
- c) Nairatmyavada d) Kshanikavada
- The Gita teaching stands for
 - a) Renunciation of action
- b) Renunciation in action

c) Egoistic action

d) Pleasure seeking action

(4×1=4 Marks)

PART-B

Answer any seven questions, Answer should not exceed 50 words. Each answer carries 2 marks.

- Explain briefly the three jewels of Jainism.
- Examine the concept of Stithaprajna in Bhagavad Gita.
- 7. What is the meaning of Karmayoga?
- 8. Write short note on the features of Kshanikavada.

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- Distinguish between Mahavratas and Anuvratas.
- Explain briefly the four vedas and their divisions.
- 11. Give an account of the various orthodox schools of Indian philosophy.
- Distinguish between Jivanmukti and Videhamukti.
- 13. Briefly explain the Jaina theory of liberation.
- 14. Give a critical account of the Carvaka ethics.

(7x2=14 Marks)

PART-C

Answer any four questions. Answers should not exceed 100 words. Each answer carries 3 marks.

- Explain briefly the Noble Eight Fold Path of Buddhism.
- Examine the ethical implications of Vedic concept of Rta.
- 17. Discuss the concept of Lokasamgraha in Bhagavad Gita.
- 18. State and explain the four Mahavakyas in Upanishads.
- 19. Explain briefly the charges leveled against Indian Philosophy.
- 20. Critically evaluate the refutations of Inference and verbal testimony by Carvaka.

 (4x3=12 Marks)

PART-D

Answer any two questions. Answer should not exceed 250 words. Each answer carries 5 marks.

- The Bhagavad Gita represents a unique synthesis of action, devotion and knowledge.-Critically evaluate this statement.
- The philosophy of Upanishads is monistic, spiritualistic and absolutist idealism.
 Explain this view.
- 23. Discuss the important characteristics of Indian Philosophy.
- 24. Explain the four Noble Truths or Arya Satyas of Buddhism. (2x5=10 Marks)