Reg. No. :

Name :



K20U 1240

III Semester B.A. Degree (CBCSS – Sup./Imp.)
Examination, November 2020
(2014 – '18 Admns.)
CORE COURSE IN PHILOSOPHY
3B03 PHI : Symbolic Logic and Informatics

Time: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 40

PART – A Answer all questions. Each answer carries 1 mark.

Fill in the blanks with the most appropriate answer:

1.	Truth/falsity is to propositions as	is to arguments.
2.	A compound statement containscomponents.	statement/statements as
3.	In the elementary valid argument form results in the denial of the antecedent.	, denial of the consequent
1.	'If drought persists throughout the year, then there will be famine'. In this conditional statement, the antecedent-consequent relationship is (4x1=4)	

PART - B

Answer any seven questions.

Answers should not exceed 50 words each.

Each answer carries 2 marks.

- 5. What do we achieve by using symbols in logic?
- 6. Write a short note on inclusive disjunction and give an example.
- 7. Construct the truth table for the following by using the symbols 'p' and 'q' for the component statements:

If you cut the red wire, then the power supply will be cut.

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- 8. Define truth functional connective and symbolize the following using the letters given in brackets:
 - Meera will apply for the job and she will either get it or miss it. (A, G, M)
- Distinguish between Modus Ponens and Modus Tollens.
- What is the specific condition for an argument form to be valid? Present the symbolic expression of H. S. and D. S.
- 11. Test the validity of the following argument by means of truth table method:

- 12. Prove that 'p' and '~~p' are logically equivalent by means of truth table method.
- 13. Find out the specific form of the following and prove its validity/invalidity by truth table method:

14. Define the term 'informatics'.

 $(7 \times 2 = 14)$

PART - C

Answer any four questions.

Answers should not exceed 100 words each.

Each answer carries 3 marks.

- Distinguish between tautologous and contradictory statement forms and give examples.
- Distinguish between material and logical equivalence.
- 17. Demonstrate the validity of the following by constructing the formal proof :

-3-

- 18. Explain the notion of partial common meaning in the case of disjunction.
- 19. Symbolize the following argument using the letters given in brackets and prove its validity/invalidity by means of truth table for its specific form:

If Nancy is your best friend, then Nancy is a music lover.

Nancy is your best friend.

Therefore, Nancy is a music lover.

(F, M)

20. Discuss the role of internet in information explosion.

 $(4 \times 3 = 12)$

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PART - D

Answer any two questions.

Answers should not exceed 250 words each.

Each answer carries 5 marks.

- 21. Bring out the main differences between Aristotelian logic and modern logic.
- 22. Present the table of the following truth functional connectives showing their symbols, names of symbols, names of proposition type and examples for each one of them:

And, Or, If then, If and only if.

- State the two expressions of logical equivalence formulated in De Morgan's theorems. Present their symbolic forms also.
- Describe the principle and procedure of truth table construction with reference to disjunction by showing the layout of T's and F's rows and also the premises/conclusion columns. (2x5=10)