

 $(2 \times 4 = 8)$ 

## SECTION - D

Answer any two questions. Each carries a weightage of 4.

- i) Briefly explain mean free path of a gas molecule and show how it varies with temperature and pressure.
  - ii) Vander Waal's constants for hydrogen chloride gas are a = 3.67 atm Lit <sup>-2</sup> and b = 40.8 m/mol <sup>-1</sup>. Find the critical temperature and critical pressure of the gas.
- Explain different types of liquid crystals with examples. Write any four of its applications.
- Derive integrated form of Clausius- Claepyson equation. Write any two applications.



M 9768

Reg. No. : .....

V Semester B.Sc. Degree (CCSS – Reg./Supple./Imp.)
Examination, November 2015
CORE COURSE IN CHEMISTRY
5B 07CHE: Physical Chemistry – 1

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Weightage: 25

## SECTION-A

- Answer all questions. Choose the correct answer. Each bunch of four questions carries a weightage of 1.
  - i) If the pressure and absolute temperature of 3 lit. of a gas are doubled, its volume would be
    - a) 2 lit.
- b) 4 lit.
- c) 3 lit.
- d) 12 lit.

- ii) Which of the following is incorrect?
  - a)  $T_c = \frac{8}{27Rb}$

b)  $P_c = \frac{a}{27b^2}$ 

c)  $T_c = \frac{8a}{27Bb}$ 

- d) all of these
- iii) The SI unit of coefficient of viscosity is
  - a) kgm<sup>2</sup>sec

b) kgm - 1sec - 1

c) kgmsec - 1

- d) kgm 1sec
- iv) Which is incorrect for a hexagonal crystal system?
  - a) a=b≠c

b)  $\alpha = \beta = 90^{\circ} r = 12^{\circ}$ 

c) a=b=c

- d) none of these
- 2. i) In Bragg's equation,  $n\lambda = 2d\sin\theta$ , n represents
  - a) The number of moles
- b) The principal quantum number
- c) The Avogadro's no.
- d) The order of reflection
- ii) For an ionic crystal of type AX, the radius ratio lies between 0.732 and 0.414. Its co-ordination number is
  - a) 4
- b) 6
- c) 8

d) 12

P.T.O.

- iii) The number of atoms per unit cell in a simple cubic, fcc and bcc are
  - a) 1, 2, 4
- b) 2, 4, 1
- c) 1, 4, 2
- d) 4, 2, 1

- \_\_\_\_ is not an intensive property.
  - a) Pressure
- b) Concentration c) Density
- d) Volume
- 3. i) For the reaction  $CaCO_{3(s)} \rightarrow CaO_{(s)} + CO_{2(g)}$ . Which of the following is true ?
  - a)  $\Delta H > \Delta E$
- b)  $\Delta H = \Delta E$  c)  $\Delta H < \Delta E$
- d)  $\Delta H = \frac{\Delta E}{2}$

- ii) Which is the correct unit for entropy?
  - a) KJmol
- b) JK 1 mol 1 c) JKmol 1
- d) JK 1 mol
- iii) For the reaction  $2NO_2 + O_3 \rightarrow N_2O_5 + O_2$ , the following observations are made. Doubling the concentration of NO2 doubles the rate and doubling the concentration of O3 doubles the rate. What is the rate law for the reaction?
  - a)  $r = K [NO_2]^2$

- b)  $r = K [NO_2]^2 (O_3)$
- c)  $r = K [NO_2]^2 (O_3)^2$
- d)  $r = K [NO_2] (O_3)$
- iv) For a first order reaction, a plot of log(a x) versus time will be a straight line having slope

- a)  $\frac{-2.303}{k_1}$  b)  $\frac{2.303}{k_1}$  c)  $\frac{2.303}{t}$  d)  $\frac{-2.303}{t}$
- 4. i) Which of the following is correct unit of reaction rate if concentrations are measured in molarity and time in seconds?
  - a) mol Lit 1

- b) mol Lit 1 sec 1
- c) mol 1 Lit sec 1
- d) mol Lit 1 sec
- ii) The quantity K in the rate law expression is
  - a) Independent of concentration
- b) Dimensionless
- c) Independent of temperature
- d) Arrhenius constant
- iii) The Joule Thomson coefficient of an ideal gas will be
  - a) ve
- b) + ve
- c) zero
- d) none of these
- iv) Which of the following is not a state function?
  - a) Pressure
- b) Volume
- c) Temperature
- d) Work
- $(4 \times 1 = 4)$



## SECTION - B

Answer any five questions. Each carries a weightage of 1.

- 5. A gas A diffuses at a rate of one half as fast as oxygen. Find the molecular mass of gas A.
- 6. What are the factors affecting the optical activity of any substance?
- 7. What are surface active agents? Give an example.
- 8. Determine the Miller indices for a plane when the intercepts along the axes are at unit distances 3/2, 2 and 1 respectively.
- 9. 2 moles of an ideal gas are allowed to expand reversibly and isothermally at 300 k from a pressure of 1 atm. to a pressure of 0.1 atm. What is the change in Gibb's free energy?
- 10. What is the effect of temperature in the following reaction?

$$N_{2(g)} + 3H_{2(g)} \rightleftharpoons 2NH_{3(g)} \Delta H = -92.38 \text{ KJ}.$$

- 11. Differentiate rate constant from equilibrium constant.
- 12. Mention the causes of drawback of Collision theory.

 $(5 \times 1 = 5)$ 

## SECTION - C

Answer any four questions. Each carries a weightage of 2.

- 13. Explain the determination of optical activity using polarimeter.
- Derive the variation of heat of reaction with temperature.
- 15. Discuss the theory of heterogeneous catalysis.
- 16. Derive Van't Hoff equation. Showing the variation of equilibrium constant with temperature.
- 17. For the photochemical reaction B  $\rightarrow$  C, 1.0  $\times$  10  $^{-5}$  mole of B was formed on absorption of  $6.62 \times 10^7$  ergs at 3600  $\mathring{\text{A}}$  . Calculate the quantum yield.
- 18. The heat of reaction Y<sub>2</sub>H<sub>2</sub> + Y<sub>2</sub> Cl<sub>2</sub> → HCl at 27°C is 22.1 kcal. Calculate the heat of reaction at 77°C. The molar heat capacities at constant pressure at 27°C for H<sub>2</sub>, Cl<sub>2</sub> and HCl are 6.82, 7.70 and 6.80 cal/mol respectively.  $(4 \times 2 = 8)$