

III Semester B.Sc. Degree (CCSS – 2014 Admn. – Regular)
Examination, November 2015
Complementary Course in Chemistry
3C03 CHE (BS): CHEMISTRY (For Biological Science)

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 32

SECTION-A

Answer all questions. Each question carries 1 mark.

- Define specific rotation.
- 2. What is meant by effective atomic number?
- 3. What are open and closed systems?
- Give the structure of the monomer of natural rubber.
- What are the functional groups present in carboxylic acid and amide. (5x1=5)

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SECTION-B

Answer any four questions. Each question carries 2 marks.

- 6. Draw the conformations of ethane. Which is more stable? Why?
- 7. Explain the structure of ethane.
- 8. Give two examples each for ortho-para directing and meta directing group.
- 9. What is Bakelite? How is it prepared?
- 10. Write Gibbs-Helmholtz equation. What is its significance?
- 11. What are inner orbital and outer orbital complexes?

 $(4 \times 2 = 8)$



SECTION-C

Answer any three questions. Each question carries 3 marks. 12. Discuss the structure of benzene. 13. What are the differences between SN1 and SN2 reactions. 14. What are the postulates Werners coordination theory. 15. Give any three applications of coordination compounds. $(3 \times 3 = 9)$ Explain optical isomerism taking tartaric acid as example. SECTION - D Answer any two questions. Each question carries 5 marks. Discuss the various electron displacement effects in organic molecules. 5 2 18. a) Explain the geometrical isomerism of 2-butene. b) What are the various methods for the resolution of racemic mixture ? 3 19. a) What are synthetic fibres? How are the following prepared? 3 ii) Terylene. i) Nylon 66 b) What are the differences between thermoplastic and thermosetting plastic? 2 20. a) State and explain second law of thermodynamics. How is it helpful in determining the direction of spontaneous process? b) The enthalpy of fusion of ice at 273 k 335J/gm. Calculate the entropy of fusion. $(2 \times 5 = 10)$