



K16U 2362

Reg. No. :

Name :



I Semester B.A. Degree (C.C.S.S. – Supple./Improv.) Examination,
November 2016

CORE COURSE IN PHILOSOPHY

1B01 PHIL : Introduction to Philosophical Studies
(2013 Admn.)

Time : 3 Hours

Weightage : 24

GROUP – A

Answer **all** questions. A bunch of **4** questions carries a weightage of **1**.

- I. 1) "Philosophy is my dear delight". These are the words of
a) Socrates b) Kant c) Plato d) Descartes
- 2) The metaphysics of early Greek philosophy is
a) Idealism b) Materialism
c) Spiritualism d) Monotheism
- 3) Rta means
a) Cosmic order b) Moral order
c) Deity d) Both a) and b)
- 4) "Tad Ekam", the Upanishadic concept refers to
a) Monism b) Monotheism
c) Naturalism d) Materialism
- II. 5) Which among the following is not an orthodox system ?
a) Samkhya b) Buddhism
c) Purva Mimamsa d) Advaita
- 6) The empirical world is a copy of the ideal world. This is the view of
a) Socrates b) Kant
c) Descartes d) Plato

P.T.O.



- 7) Esse est percipii is held by
- | | |
|-------------|--------------|
| a) Plato | b) Hegel |
| c) Berkeley | d) Aristotle |
- 8) Common sense realism is associated with
- | | |
|----------|---------------|
| a) Hegel | b) G.E. Moore |
| c) Kant | d) Berkeley |
- III. 9) Reality is not one or two but many. This position is
- | | |
|---------------|----------------|
| a) Naturalism | b) Materialism |
| c) Pluralism | d) Dualism |
- 10) Truth is God. This is the view of
- | | |
|------------------|--------------|
| a) Gorgias | b) Gandhi |
| c) Radhakrishnan | d) Aristotle |
- 11) The theory which states that workability is the test of truth.
- | | |
|---------------------|--------------------------|
| a) Pragmatic theory | b) Correspondence theory |
| c) Semantic theory | d) Coherence theory |
- 12) Who among the following is an advocate of deep ecology ?
- | | |
|---------------|---------------|
| a) Kant | b) John Dewey |
| c) Arne Naess | d) Protagoras |
- IV. 13) The theory of existence is
- | | |
|----------------|-----------------|
| a) Ontology | b) Axiology |
| c) Metaphysics | d) Epistemology |
- 14) _____ is the means of getting knowledge.
- | | |
|------------|------------|
| a) Prama | b) Pramata |
| c) Prameya | d) Pramana |
- 15) The term 'ethos' means
- | | |
|-------------|-------------|
| a) Law | b) Customs |
| c) Feelings | d) Pleasure |
- 16) _____ is the study of art and beauty.
- | | |
|-----------|---------------|
| a) Ethics | b) Aesthetics |
| c) Logic | d) Axiology |
- (4x1=4)**



GROUP – B

Answer **any four** questions. **Each** question carries a weightage of **1**. Answers **not** to exceed **20** words. Write notes on the following.

17. Humanism.
18. Monotheism
19. Darsana.
20. Authority as a source of knowledge.
21. Etymology of religion.
22. Anthropocentrism.

(4x1=4)

GROUP – C

Answer **any four** questions. **Each** question carries a weightage of **2**. Answers **not** to exceed **100** words.

23. Is philosophy speculative ? Examine.
24. Briefly explain Vedic religion.
25. Distinguish between naive realism and neo realism.
26. Briefly explain absolute idealism of Hegel.
27. Is ethics a normative science ? If so, explain.
28. Bring out the relationship between science and philosophy.

(4x2=8)

GROUP – D

Answer **any two** questions. **Each** question carries a weightage of **4**. Answers **not** to exceed **200** words.

29. Define philosophy. Examine the relevance and scope of philosophy.
30. Briefly explain the characteristics of Indian philosophy.
31. Bring out the man-world relationship with respect to the environment.
32. Discuss briefly the different aspects of epistemology.

(2x4=8)