Reg. No.:



K18U 0495

II Semester B.Sc. Degree (CBCSS-Reg./Supple./Imp.) Examination, May 2018 CORE COURSE IN CHEMISTRY 2B03 CHE: Analytical Chemistry (2014 Admn. Onwards)

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 40

SECTION - A semanting stone still at

(Answer all questions. Each question carries one mark.)

- Name two metal ion indicators.
- State Lowry Bronsted concept.
- 3. What is the principle of gas chromatography?
- 4. What are primary standards?

 $(4 \times 1 = 4)$

SECTION - B

(Answer any seven questions. Each question carries 2 marks.)

- 5. Why is KMnO₄ not used as primary standard?
- Draw the titration curve for strong acid strong base titration.
- 7. What is meant by leveling effect?
- Solutions of alkali metals in NH₃ is blue. Explain.
- 9. What is the principle of neutron diffraction?

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- 10. What is partition chromatography? Give one application.
- Calculate the molality of a solution obtained by dissolving 9 gm of glucose in 2kg of water.
- 12. What are the factors favouring solvent extraction?
- 13. Explain the theory of redox indicators.
- Give the auto ionization of liquid HF and H₂SO₄.

 $(7 \times 2 = 14)$

SECTION-C

(Answer any 4 questions. Each question carries 3 marks.)

- 15. Write a note on thermometric titration.
- 16. What is the principle of TLC ? Mention its advantages.
- 17. What are the factors affecting DTA?
- 18. Describe the characters of a solvent.
- 19. Explain the principles involved in cation analysis.
- 20. Discuss the theory of redox indicators.

 $(4 \times 3 = 12)$

SECTION-D

(Answer any 2 questions. Each question carries 5 marks.)

- 21. What is HSAB principle? Give an account of its applications.
- 22. a) Explain the thermogram of CaC2O4 in an inert atmosphere.
 - b) What are the applications of TGA?

(3+2)

- 23. Give an account of gel permeation chromatography. What are its advantages and disadvantages?
- 24. Discuss the theory of complexometric titration.

 $(2 \times 5 = 10)$