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Reg. No. : .....

Name : .....



K19U 3309

I Semester B.Sc. Degree CBCSS(OBE)-Regular  
Examination, November - 2019  
(2019 Admission)  
CORE COURSE IN CHEMISTRY  
1B01CHE : THEORETICAL AND INORGANIC CHEMISTRY

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 40

**Instructions** : Answer the questions in English only.

**SECTION - A**

Answer **All** questions. Each question carries **1** mark. (4×1=4)

1. An orbital can accommodate only two electrons; this is a consequence of the rule called\_\_\_\_\_.
2. The lines of the Paschen series of the hydrogen spectrum arise from the electronic transitions from higher energy levels to the \_\_\_\_\_ Level.
3. The calculated bond order of  $O_2^+$  is\_\_\_\_\_.
4. The energy released in the formation of a nucleus from its component nucleons is called\_\_\_\_\_.

**SECTION - B**

Answer any **Seven** questions. Each question carries **2** marks.(7×2=14)

5. Calculate the wavelength of the spectral line obtained in the Lyman series if the electron in the hydrogen atom has been excited to the 3<sup>rd</sup> energy level.
6. State and explain Hund's rule of maximum multiplicity.
7. State any two postulates of quantum mechanics.
8. Write the Born-Landé Equation and explain the terms.
9. Explain the structure of  $NH_3$  on the basis of VSEPR theory.
10. Write the MO configuration of  $O_2$  molecule and account for the type of magnetic behaviour shown by it.

P.T.O.



11. Define metallic bond on the basis of free electron model.
12. How does electronegativity vary along a period? Explain the variation.
13. What do you mean by Q values of nuclear reactions?
14. Neutrons are better particles for artificial transmutation than  $\alpha$  particles. Why?

### SECTION - C

Answer any **Four** questions. Each question carries **3** marks. (4×3=12)

15. Calculate the radius of the first Bohr orbit of a hydrogen atom and calculate the velocity and energy of an electron revolving in it.  
[Given:  $h = 6.626 \times 10^{-34}$  Js,  $\epsilon_0 = 8.854 \times 10^{-12}$  C<sup>2</sup>m<sup>-1</sup>J<sup>-1</sup>, mass of electron =  $9.109 \times 10^{-31}$  kg, and electronic charge =  $1.602 \times 10^{-19}$  c.]
16. Discuss the Davisson-Germer experiment on electron diffraction.
17. Describe the shape of SF<sub>6</sub> molecule on the basis of hybridization.
18. Define ionization enthalpy and discuss the factors that determine the ionization enthalpy of an element.
19. How Wilson-Cloud Chamber is used to detect and measure radio activity? Explain.
20. Write a note on radiocarbon dating and its applications.

### SECTION - D

Answer any **Two** questions. Each question carries **5** marks. (2×5=10)

21. a) State and explain the de Broglie relation.  
b) Discuss the dual nature of electrons.  
c) What must be the velocity of a beam of electrons if they are to display a de Broglie wavelength of 10 nm? (1½+1½+2)
22. What is Born-Haber cycle? Discuss with respect to NaCl. Give any two applications of Born-Haber cycle
23. a) Discuss the Mulliken scale of electro negativity.  
b) Explain the terms: screening effect and effective nuclear charge. (2½+2½)
24. a) Discuss the applications of radioisotopes as tracers.  
b) Write a short note on breeder reactors. (2½+2½)