Reg. No. : .....

Name : .....



K19P 1120

III Semester M.Sc. Degree (CBSS-Reg./Suppl./Imp.)
Examination, October - 2019
(2014 Admission Onwards)
PHYSICS

PHY3C11: SOLID STATE PHYSICS

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 60

## SECTION - A

Answer both Questions (Either a or b).

 $(2 \times 12 = 24)$ 

 a) Discuss the Kronig-Penney model for the motion of an electron in a periodic potential.

(OR)

- Derive an expression for Phonon dispersion in a diatomic linear lattice.
   How is the optical and acoustic branches distinguished in Phonon vibrations.
- II. a) Give the basis of London theory. Derive the London equations. Mention its significance.

(OR)

b) Describe Langevin's theory for a paramagnetic gas and obtain an expression for the paramagnetic susceptibility of a free electron gas. How does paramagnetic susceptibility vary with temperature?

## **SECTION - B**

Answer any Four questions 1 mark for part (a), 3 marks for part (b), and 5 marks for part (c). (4x9=36)

- III. a) What are Brillouin zones?
  - b) How are they related to the energy of an electron in a metal?
  - Explain the significance of Brillouin zones with reference to any cubic lattice.



- IV. a) What is lattice heat capacity?
  - b) What are the experimentally observed facts about heat capacity?
  - c) Explain Einstein's model of heat capacity.
- V. a) What are quartz crystals?
  - b) What are the different types of quartz crystals?
  - c) Explain the applications of quartz crystals.
- VI. a) What are Paramagnetic and diamagnetic materials?
  - b) What does Paramagnetic susceptibility of a substance vary with temperature?
  - Derive an expression for the paramagnetic susceptibility of a substance based on free electron theory.
- VII. a) What is superconductivity?
  - b) Explain Meissner effect.
  - List out the properties that change below the transition temperature and those that do not change.
- VIII. a) What are intrinsic semiconductors?
  - b) How is the band model helpful in explaining the various properties of semiconductors.
  - c) Give the theory of intrinsic semiconductors.