

Reg. No.:....

Name:

First Semester M.Sc. Degree (CBSS – Reg./Suppl. (Including Mercy Chance)/Imp.) Examination, October 2020 (2014 Admission Onwards)

PHY1C03 : Electrodynamics

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 60

SECTION - A

Answer both questions either a or b. Each question carries 12 marks.

 a) Write Maxwell's equations for free space. Hence obtain an expression for plane electromagnetic wave. Discuss the orthogonality of E→, B→ and K→ vector.

OR

- b) Explain Brewster's angle. Describe the method of determining the refractive index of a material using Brewster's angle.
- II. a) Explain the concept of retarded potential. Derive the Lienard-Wiechart potentials.

OR

b) Explain radiation damping and radiation reaction. Obtain the Abraham-Lorentz formula. (2×12=24)

SECTION - B

Answer any four questions. Question (a) carries 1 mark, (b) carries 3 marks, (c) carries 5 marks.

- III. a) What is Ampere's law?
 - b) Explain what you understand by magnetic monopoles.
 - c) Explain the law using the example of a magnetic field of current loops.

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- IV. a) State Poynting's theorem.
 - b) What is the significance of the Poynting's vector?
 - c) Derive the Poynting theorem.
- V. a) What is a wave guide? DiswnO notesimbA 4100)
 - b) For a rectangular wave guide with a wall separation of 0.03m and desired frequency of operation of 6 GHz. Calculate the cut off frequency and cut off wavelength.
 - c) Explain the TE and TM mode of propagation.
- VI.a) What is a Hertizan dipole?
 - b) Explain radiation resistance of a Hertizan dipole antenna.
 - c) Discuss Magnetic dipole radiation and arrive at the equation for magnetic dipole radiation.
- VII. a) Give the Lorentz transformation equations.
 - b) Prove that Lorentz transformations are orthogonal.
 - c) Show that $E^{\rightarrow}.B^{\rightarrow}$ and $E^2-C^2B^2$ are invariant under Lorentz transformations.
- VIII.a) What is Tensor?
 - b) What is a contravariant tensor?
 - c) Explain the physical significance of Tensors.

 $(4 \times 9 = 36)$