



PART – D
(Long essays)

Answer **any two** questions. Answers should **not** exceed **six** pages.

28. Explain the two approaches in the hypothesis testing of regression coefficients.
29. Explain the steps involved in the White's test for heteroscedasticity.
30. Given the following sample data of a two variable regression model.
 $\sum X_i = 60$, $\sum Y_i = 120$, $\sum X_i^2 = 540$, $\sum Y_i^2 = 1200$, $\sum X_i Y_i = 620$
 Sample size = 30. Estimate regression equations Y on X and X on Y.
31. Distinguish between distributed lag model and autoregressive model. What are the problems in Koyck, adaptive expectations and partial adjustment models ? (2×13=26)

PART – D

(Long essays)



Reg. No. :

Name :

II Semester M.A. Degree (Supplementary)
Examination, March 2018
(2013 and Earlier Admission)
ECONOMICS
Paper – VI : Basic Econometrics

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 80

PART – A

Answer **all** questions (Objective type).

- _____ method minimizes the residual sum of squares in order to estimate parameters.

a) Ordinary least squares	b) Maximum likelihood
c) Bayesian	d) None of the above
- _____ is the difference between actual and estimated Y values in a regression.

a) Intercept	b) Slope	c) Lag	d) Error
--------------	----------	--------	----------
- The probability of not committing a Type II error is called

a) Level of significance	b) Probability value
c) Size of the test	d) Power of the test
- As sample size increases, the sampling error

a) Increases	b) Decreases
c) Remains constant	d) None



5. OLS regression model must be linear in
- Parameters
 - Variables
 - Both
 - None
6. _____ measures the goodness of fit of model.
- d statistic
 - p value
 - Standard error
 - R square
7. Factor analysis is a remedial measure for
- Normality
 - Autocorrelation
 - Multicollinearity
 - Heteroscedasticity
8. Dummy variable models can be used for
- Categorical variable analysis
 - Deseasonalization
 - Structural change
 - All the above
9. Dropping a variable to solve multicollinearity may lead to
- Specification bias
 - Autocorrelation
 - Endogeneity
 - Simultaneity
10. Spearman's rank correlation test is used to test
- Heteroscedasticity
 - Autocorrelation
 - Multicollinearity
 - None of the above
- (10×1=10)**



PART – B

Answer **any eight** questions. Answers should **not** exceed **one** and a **half page** each.

- What is panel data ?
 - What is nominal scale ?
 - Distinguish between Type I and Type II error.
 - Define central limit theorem.
 - What is an efficient estimator ?
 - Define degrees of freedom.
 - What is p value ?
 - Define autocorrelation.
 - Define coefficient of correlation.
 - What is GLS method ?
 - What is dummy variable trap ?
- (8×3=24)**

PART – C
(Short essays)

Answer **any four** questions. Answers should **not** exceed **two** and a **half page** each.

- Distinguish between Econometrics and Mathematical Economics.
 - State and explain Gauss Markow theorem.
 - What is the justification of stochastic disturbance term in regression analysis.
 - Discuss the consequences of OLS estimation in the presence of multicollinearity.
 - Explain ANOVA in regression.
 - Explain Koyck model.
- (4×5=20)**