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Name :		mency from Barn	
	amination, 2010 Admn.	March 2014 Onwards)	(Sup./Imp.)
yd alaw, 'nonarfor	ECONO		T, "Inflation is always
Paper – v	: Macro E	conomics (Part –	
Time: 3 Hours			Max. Marks: 80
	PART	-A	
Objective type questions :			
The relative price of the cu	rrency of two		
a) Foreign exchange rate	yd balkgövb		rate mesono off 01
c) Nominal exchange rate		d) Exchange rate	
Fiscal policy is introduced	by		
a) Central Bank	N-TA	b) Central Govern	ment
c) Commercial Banks		d) None of these	
The level of employment for seeking work is just equal to	ound at the re	al wage at which the	e quantity of labour wish to hire is called
a) Under employment		b) Unemployment	
c) Full employment		d) None of these	
4. "Money is what money doe	es" stated by		
a) Walras	1	b) Walker	
c) William Stanley Jevons		d) William J. Bau	mol
5. Keynes "General Theory o	fEmploymen	t, Interest and Mone	y" was published in

a) 1956

26 What are the dejections of Micega Economic Policy 1

b) 1946 c) 1936 d) 1926

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- 6. Currency drain relates to
 - a) Withdrawal of currency from Banks
 - b) Withdrawal of currency from business firms
 - c) Flowing of currency to Banks
 - d) None of these
- 7. "Inflation is always and everywhere a monetary phenomenon", wrote by
 - a) Milton Friedman
- b) Keynes c) Fischer
- d) Marshal

- 8. Investment is a
 - a) Stock variable
- b) Flow variable c) Static variable d) None of these
- 9. The Philips curve shows the relationship between
 - a) Price level and unemployment
- b) Income level and unemployment
- c) Wage rate and unemployment
- d) None of these
- 10. The concept neutrality of money was advocated by
 - a) Classical economists

b) Neo-classical economists

c) French economists

d) Cambridge economists

 $(10 \times 1 = 10)$

PART-B

Answer any eight questions. Each answer should not exceed 11/2 page:

- 11. What is exchange rate? How it is determined?
- 12. What is Okun's Law?
- Explain dual decision hypothesis.
- 14. What is Philips curve?
- 15. What is J curve effect ?
- 16. "Inflation is a Sustained Rise in Price" Explain.

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- 17. What do you mean by multiplier effect?
- 18. What is fiscal policy?
- 19. What do you mean by labour market equilibrium?
- 20. What is Keynesian revolution?
- 21. What do you mean by budget deficit?

 $(8 \times 3 = 24)$

PART-C

Answer any four questions. Each answer should not exceed two and a half page :

- 22. Distinguish between Flexible and Fixed Exchange Rate System.
- 23. Explain Natural Rate of Unemployment Hypothesis.
- Explain Neo-Keynesian Quantity Constrained Model.
- 25. Distinguish between short run and long run Philips curve.
- 26. What are the objectives of Macro Economic Policy?
- 27. Explain Wage Model.

 $(4 \times 5 = 20)$

PART-D

Answer any two questions. Each answer should not exceed six pages:

- 28. What is an Open Economy? Examine the role and implications of money and capital flows in an open economy.
- 29. Explain Walrasian General Equilibrium analysis.
- 30. What is inflation? Explain the types of inflation. Also analyse the impact of inflation in an economy.
- 31. Explain the Classical, Neo-classical and Keynesian approach to macro economics.

(2×13=26)