

PART-D

- 28. Find the inverse of the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 8 \\ 7 & 5 & 4 \\ 3 & 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$
- 29. For any three events A, B and C prove that $P(A \cup B/C) = P(A/C) + P(B/C) P(A \cap B/C)$
- 30. The mean of samples of 1000 and 2000 are 67.5 and 68.2 respectively. Can the samples be regarded as drawn from the same population with SD 2.5?
- 31. Explain in detail various stages in the testing of a hypothesis. (2×13=26)

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Vame :



I Semester M.A./M.Sc./M.Com. Degree (Reg./Sup./Imp.) Examination, November 2014 (2010 - 2013 Admn.) ECONOMICS

Paper - III: Quantitative Methods for Economic Analysis

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 80

Instructions: Part - A: Answer all questions. Each question carries

one mark.

Part - B: Answer any eight questions. Each question carries

3 marks.

Part – C: Answer any four questions. Each question carries five marks.

Part – D: Answer any two questions. Each question carries 13 marks.

PART-A

- 1. To multiply a matrix A by a scalar λ , we multiply
 - a) Each element of the matrix by $\boldsymbol{\lambda}$
 - b) Biggest element only by λ
 - c) Smallest element only by $\boldsymbol{\lambda}$
 - d) None of these
- 2. The transpose of a transposed matrix is
 - a) A unit matrix

- b) Diagonal matrix
- c) Original matrix
- d) Square of original matrix

- 3. If AB = BA, then
 - a) A is an identity matrix
- b) B is an identity matrix
- c) Both are identity matrix
- d) $(AB)^2 = \frac{BA}{2}$

4. The outcome of tossing a coin is a

- a) Simple event
- b) Complementary event
- c) Mutually exclusive event
- d) Compound event

5. The probability of all possible outcomes of a random experiment is always equal to

- a) Infinity b) One

c) Zero

d) None of the above

6. If X is a random variable with mean μ , then $E(X - \mu)^r$ is called

a) Variance

- b) rth raw moment
- c) rth central moment
- d) Standard deviation

7. A family of parametric distributions in which mean is equal to variance is

- a) Binomial distribution
- b) Log normal distribution
- c) Poisson distribution
- d) Gamma distribution

8. The degrees of freedom for students t distribution based on a random sample size n is

a) n-1

c) n-2

d) n-5

9. Least square theory was propounded by

a) Gauss

b) Markov

c) Fisher

d) Rao

10. A wrong decision about Ho leads to

- a) One kind of error
- b) Two kinds of errors
- c) Three kinds of errors
- d) Four kinds of errors

(1×10=10)

PART-B

11. What is a null matrix?

- 12. What is transpose of a matrix?
- 13. State Crammer's rule.
- 14. Define standard deviation.
- 15. State the mean and standard deviation of Binomial distribution.
- 16. Write a note on F test.
- 17. Define the property of linearity.
- 18. Define the power of a test.
- 19. What is Type II error?
- 20. Explain the applications of ANOVA.
- 21. Explain the characteristics of qualitative variables.

 $(3 \times 8 = 24)$

PART-C

- 22. Find the probability of getting a total of 8 or 10 in a single throw with two dice.
- 23. State the central limit theorem.
- 24. Explain the properties of normal distribution.
- 25. Write a note on Poisson distribution.

26. Given
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 4 & 7 \\ 8 & 6 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$
 and $B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 \\ 6 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ find AB.

27. Explain the properties of determinants of a matrix.

 $(4 \times 5 = 20)$