



K18P 1036

Reg. No. : .....

Name : .....

**III Semester M.Sc. Degree (Reg.) Examination, October 2018**  
**MATHEMATICS**  
**(2017 Admn. Onwards)**  
**MAT3E01 : Graph Theory**

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 80

- Instructions :** 1) Answer any four questions from Part – A. Each question carries 4 marks.  
2) Answer any 4 questions without omitting any Unit from Part – B. Each question carries 16 marks.

**PART – A**

- I. Answer any 4 questions. Each question carries 4 marks.
- 1) Define a  $(k, l)$  Ramsay graph and give one example.
  - 2) In a critical graph, prove that no vertex cut is a clique.
  - 3) For a bipartite graph  $G$ , show that  $\chi'(G) = \Delta$ .
  - 4) If  $G$  is a planar graph then prove that every subgraph of  $G$  is planar.
  - 5) Let  $l$  be a flexible vertex labelling of  $G$ . If  $G_l$  contains a perfect matching  $M^*$ , then prove that  $M^*$  is an optimal matching of  $G$ .
  - 6) Let  $u$  and  $v$  be two distinct vertices of a graph  $G$ . Then prove that a set  $S$  of vertices of  $G$  is  $u - v$  separating if and only if every  $u - v$  path has at least one internal vertex belonging to  $S$ .

**PART – B**

Answer any 4 questions without omitting any unit. Each question carries 16 marks.

**Unit – I**

- II. a) Define the independence number and covering number of a graph and prove that the sum of the independence number and covering number is the number of vertices. 8
- b) Define the Ramsay number  $r(k, l)$  and show that  $r(k, k) \geq 2^{k/2}$ . 8

P.T.O.



- III. a) If a simple graph  $G$  contain no  $K_{m+1}$ , then prove that  $G$  is degree majorised by same complete  $m$ -partite graph  $H$ . Also show that if  $G$  has the same degree sequence as  $H$  then  $G \cong H$ . 8
- b) Define the chromatic number  $\chi(G)$  of a graph  $G$ . Give example of a critical graph and a graph which is not critical. Also for a graph  $G$ , show that  $\chi \leq \Delta + 1$ . Give an example of a graph where  $\chi = \Delta + 1$ . 8
- IV. a) For any positive integer  $k$ , prove that there exist a  $k$ -chromatic graph containing no triangles. 8
- b) If  $G$  is 4-chromatic, then prove that  $G$  contain a subdivision of  $K_4$ . 8

### Unit – II

- V. a) If  $G$  is bipartite show that  $\chi' = \Delta$ . 5
- b) Let  $G$  be a connected graph that is not an odd cycle, then prove that  $G$  has a 2-edge colouring in which both colours are represented at each vertex of degree at least two. 6
- c) What is a time tabling problem and explain how one can solve the time tabling problem using edge colouring? 5
- VI. a) Define a dual graph of a graph  $G$  and prove or disprove – "Dual of isomorphic plane graph are isomorphic". 6
- b) If  $G$  is a connected plane graph, then prove that  $V - \Sigma + \phi = 2$ , further deduce that  $K_5$  is non planar. 10
- VII. State and prove Kuratowski's theorem. 16

### Unit – III

- VIII. a) In a bipartite graph, prove that the number of edges in a maximum matching is equal to the number of vertices in a maximum covering. 10
- b) If  $G$  is a  $k$ -regular bipartite graph with  $k > 0$  then prove that  $G$  has a perfect matching. 6
- IX. a) Prove that every 3-regular graph without cut edge has a perfect matching. 6
- b) Explain in detail the Hungarian method to find an  $M$ -augmenting path in a graph and draw its flow-chart. 10
- X. a) Let  $f$  be a flow on a network  $N = (V, A)$  and let  $f$  have value  $d$ . If  $A(X, \bar{X})$  is a cut in  $N$  then prove that  $d = f(X, \bar{X}) - f(\bar{X}, X)$ . Also prove that  $d \leq C(X, \bar{X})$ . 8
- b) State and prove Mengers theorem. 8