



Reg. No. :

Name :

Third Semester M.A./M.Sc./M.Com. Degree (Reg./Sup./Imp.)

Examination, November 2015

MATHEMATICS (2014 Admn.)

MAT 3C12 : Functional Analysis

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 60

PART - A

Answer any four questions from this Part. Each question carries 3 marks.

- Let $n \geq 2$ and $0 < p < 1$. For $x \in K^n$, let $\|x\|_p = \left(\sum_{j=1}^n |x(j)|^p \right)^{1/p}$. Determine whether $\|\cdot\|_p$ is a norm on K^n .
- Let X and Y be normed spaces and $F : X \rightarrow Y$ be linear. Prove that F is continuous if and only if for every Cauchy sequence (x_n) in X , the sequence $(F(x_n))$ is Cauchy in Y .
- Give an example of a set of continuous functions from a metric space to a metric space that is bounded at each point without being uniformly bounded.
- Let X , Y and Z be normed spaces. If $F : X \rightarrow Y$ is continuous and $G : Y \rightarrow Z$ is closed, then show that $G \circ F : X \rightarrow Z$ is closed.
- Let $\langle \cdot, \cdot \rangle$ be an inner product on a linear space X and $T : X \rightarrow X$ be a one to one linear map. Let $\langle x, y \rangle_T = \langle T(x), T(y) \rangle$; $x, y \in X$. Show that $\langle \cdot, \cdot \rangle_T$ is an inner product on X .
- Let E be a convex subset of an inner product space X . Prove that there exists at most one best approximation from E to any x in X .



PART - B

Answer **any four** questions from this Part without omitting any Unit. **Each** question carries 12 marks.

UNIT - I

7. a) Let X be a normed space. Prove that every closed and bounded subset of X is compact if and only if X is finite dimensional. 6
- b) Let X and Y be normed spaces and $F : X \rightarrow Y$ be a linear map such that the range $R(F)$ is finite dimensional. Prove that F is continuous if and only if the zero space $Z(F)$ of F is closed in X . 6
8. a) State and prove Hahn-Banach extension theorem. 7
- b) Give an example of non unique Hahn-Banach extension. 4
- c) State a characterization (without proof) of normed spaces which admit unique Hahn-Banach extensions. 1
9. a) Prove that a normed space X is a Banach space if and only if every absolutely summable series of elements in X is summable in X . 6
- b) Prove that a Banach space cannot have a denumerable Hamel basis. 3
- c) Define a Schauder basis for a normed space and give an example. 3

UNIT - II

10. a) State and prove uniform boundedness principle. 8
- b) Show that uniform boundedness principle may not hold if the domain space is not Banach. 4
11. a) Let X and Y be Banach spaces and $F : X \rightarrow Y$ be a closed linear map. Prove that F is continuous. 8
- b) Let P be a projection on a normed space X such that $R(P)$ and $Z(P)$ are closed in X . Prove that P is a closed map. 4
12. a) Let X and Y be Banach spaces and let $F \in BL(X, Y)$ be bijective. Prove that $F^{-1} \in BL(Y, X)$. 3
- b) If $k_n \in K$, $n = 0, \pm 1, \pm 2, \dots$ such that $k_n \rightarrow 0$ as $n \rightarrow \pm \infty$, does there exist some $x \in L^{-1}([-\pi, \pi])$ such that $\hat{x}(n) = k_n$ for each n ? Justify your answer. 9



UNIT - III

13. a) State and prove Schwarz inequality on an inner product space. 6
- b) Prove that an $\langle \cdot, \cdot \rangle$ on a linear space X induces a norm on X . 3
- c) Among all the l^p spaces $1 \leq p < \infty$ show that only l^2 is an inner product space. 3
14. a) Let H be a nonzero Hilbert space over K . Prove that H has a countable orthonormal basis if and only if H is separable. 6
- b) Let E be a nonempty closed convex subset of a Hilbert space H . For each x in H , prove that there exists a unique best approximation from E to x . 6
15. a) State and prove projection theorem. 6
- b) Let (x_n) be a sequence in a Hilbert space H . If (x_n) is bounded, then prove that it has a weak convergent subsequence. 6