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	-	g. No. :	
1	Nar	me:	
		Second Semester M.Sc. Degree (Regular) Examination, March 2018 MATHEMATICS	
		(2017 Admn.) MAT 2C 06 : Advanced Abstract Algebra	
	Time.	May Marke 10	0
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		PART - A Lief plants at 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
	An	swer any 4 questions. Each question carries 4 marks.	
	1.	Give an example of a principal ideal domain. Justify your claim.	
	2.	for every unit u in D.	
	3.	Prove that these exist algebraic extensions which are not finite extensions.	
	4.	Prove that every finite field is an algebraic extension of $\mathbb{Z}_p$ for some prime p.	
	5.	Find all isomorphisms of $\mathbb{Q}\left(3\sqrt{2}\right)$ onto a subfield of $\overline{\mathbb{Q}}$ . Which of them are	
		automorphisms?	
	6.	If $f(x) \in \mathbb{Q}[x]$ is irreducible over $\mathbb{Q}$ , prove that all zeros of $f(x)$ have multiplicity	
		one. (4×4=10	3)
		PART – B	
	An	swer 4 questions without omitting any Unit. Each question carries 16 marks.	
		The principles of the principles of the Unit - La attention of the principles of the	ŀ
	7.	Prove that if D is a unique factorization domain, then D[x] is also a unique	6
	8.	<ul> <li>a) Prove that if F is a field and x and y are indeterminates, then F[x, y] is not a PID.</li> </ul>	5
		b) Prove that if D is a PID, then any two non-zero elements a and b in D. Gave	

a gcd and that any gcd of a and b can be expressed as  $\lambda a + \mu b$  for some

b) State Kronecker's theorem. How would you construct an extension field of

 $\lambda, \mu \in D$ .

c) Find all the units in  $\mathbb{Z}\left[\sqrt{-5}\right]$ .

9. a) What is  $\mathbb{Z}[i]$  ? Prove that  $\mathbb{Z}[i]$  is a Euclidean domain.

Q contain a root of the polynomial  $x^3 + 2x^2 + 4x + 6$ ?

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## Unit - II

10.		V i finite extension of F	10
	b)	Prove that $\sqrt[3]{2}$ is not a member of $\mathbb{Q}(\sqrt{2})$ . Also obtain $\left[\mathbb{Q}(\sqrt{2},\sqrt[3]{2});\mathbb{Q}\right]$ .	6
11.	a)	Prove that if $\alpha$ and $\beta \neq 0$ are constructible real numbers, then $\frac{\alpha}{\beta}$ is also	
		constructible.	4
	b)	Prove that 'squaring the circle is impossible.	4
	c)	Prove that if F is a finite field and n is any positive integer, then these is an irreducible polynomial in F[x] of degree n.	8
12.	a)	If $\{\sigma_i: i\in I\}$ is a collection of automorphisms of a field E, prove that the set of all elements in E, left fixed by $\sigma_i$ , for all $i\in I$ , is a subfield of E.	6
	b)	Describe all automorphisms of the field : i) $Q(\sqrt{2}, \sqrt{3}, \sqrt{5})$	
		ii) $\mathbb{Z}_2(\alpha)$ , where $\alpha$ is the root of $x^2 + x + 1$ , in the algebraic closure of $\mathbb{Z}_2$ .	10
ř		Unit – III	
13.	a)	Prove that if $F \le E \le F$ and if every automorphism of $F$ leaving $F$ fixed induces an automorphism of $E$ , then $E$ is a splitting field over $F$ .	8
	b'	Prove that any two algebraic closures of a field are isomorphic.	4
	C)	Find for which finite extensions F of Q, the following is true. $F: \mathbb{Q} = \{F: \mathbb{Q}\} = \{G(F/\mathbb{Q})\}.$	4
	b	Let F be a field, E be a finite extension of F and K be a finite extension of E.  Prove that K is separable over F if and only if K is separable over E and E is separable over F.  Prove that any finite field is perfect.	6
15	. a	) Let K be a finite normal extension of F and let E be a field such that F ≤ E ≤ K. Prove that	
		<ul> <li>i) K is a finite normal extension of E.</li> <li>ii) [K : E] =  G(K/E)  and [E : F] = the number of left cosets of G(K/E) in G(K/F).</li> </ul>	
		iii) The lattice diagram of subgroups of G(K/F) is the inverted lattice of intermediate fields of K over F. (3+4)	1+4)
	b	Prove that for every positive integer n, there exists a finite normal extension $F \le K$ such that $G(K/F) \cong \mathbb{Z}_n$ .	5