Reg. No.:	

K16U 0621

IV Semester B.Sc. Degree (CBCSS - 2014 Admn. Regular)

Examination, May 2016

Core Course in Mathematics

4B04 MAT : ELEMENTS OF MATHEMATICS - II

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 48

SECTION-A

All the first 4 questions are compulsory. They carry 1 mark each.

- 1. How many relations are there on the set {a, b, c}?
- Give an example of a finite partially ordered set having neither a first element nor a last element.
- 3. What do you mean by conjugate points with respect to a conic?
- 4. Find the rank of the matrix $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$. (4×1 = 4)

SECTION-B

Answer any 8 questions from among the questions 5 to 14. These questions carry 2 marks each.

- Give a relation which is neither symmetric nor antisymmetric and another one that is both symmetric and antisymmetric.
- 6. Let A = {1, 2, 3, ..., 15}. Let R be the equivalence relation on A defined by congruence modulo 4. Find the equivalence classes determined by R.
- Let f, g: Z → Z be functions defined by f(x) = 2x + 3 and g(x) = 3x + 2. Obtain f ∘ g and g ∘ f.

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- Show by example that a set which is not totally ordered may contain a linearly ordered subset.
- Let A = {1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, 9, 12, 18, 24} be ordered by the relation "x divides y".
 Draw the Hasse diagram of A.
- 10. Find the coordinates of the point of intersection of tangents drawn to $y^2 = 4$ ax at the points where it is cut by the straight line x cos $\alpha + y$ sin $\alpha = p$.
- 11. Find the condition for the lines lx + my + n = 0 and l'x + m'y + n' = 0 to be conjugate with respect to the ellipse $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$.
- Show that the product of the perpendiculars from any point of a hyperbola to its asymptotes is constant.
- 13. Find the value of x such that the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} x & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & x & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & x \end{bmatrix}$ has rank 2.
- 14. Reduce the matrix $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 2 & -2 \\ 4 & 0 & 2 & 6 \\ 2 & 1 & 3 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ to its normal form. (8×2 = 16)

SECTION-C

Answer any 4 questions from among the questions 15 to 20. These questions carry 4 marks each.

- 15. Let $R = \{(a, b) \in P \times P : a \ge b \text{ and } a \le 3\}$ where P is the set of positive integers. Is it a partial order? Justify your answer.
- 16. Let $f: \mathbb{R}^+ \to [-5, \infty)$ be defined by $f(x) = 9x^2 + 6x 5$ where \mathbb{R}^+ is the set of positive real numbers. Find a formula for f^{-1} . Determine $(f^{-1} \circ f)$ (x) and $(f \circ f^{-1})$ (y).



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- 17. Let D = {1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 10, 15, 30} be ordered by divisibility.
 - a) Which elements are join-irreducible?
 - b) Which elements are atoms?
 - c) Find a complement of 5, if it exists.
 - d) Express 30 as the join of a minimum number of irredundant join-irreducible elements.
- 18. Find the equation of the pair of tangents from (x_1, y_1) to the parabola $y^2 = 4ax$.
- 19. Chords of the ellipse $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$ touch $\frac{x^2}{\alpha^2} + \frac{y^2}{\beta^2} = 1$. Find the locus of their poles.
- 20. Using elementary row transformations, compute the inverse of the matrix

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 2 & -1 & 3 \\ 4 & 1 & 8 \end{bmatrix}.$$
 (4x4 = 16)

SECTION - D

Answer any 2 questions from among the questions 21 to 24. These questions carry 6 marks each.

- 21. Let A be a set of nonzero integers and let ≈ be the relation on A defined by (a, b) ≈ (c, d) whenever ad = bc. Determine whether ≈ is an equivalence relation on A. If it is so, find the equivalence class of (3, 2).
- 22. Let L be a finite distributive lattice. Show that every $\alpha \in L$ can be written uniquely, except for order, as the join of irredundant join-irreducible elements.
- 23. Show that the locus of the mid-points of normal chords of the parabola

$$y^2 = 4ax$$
 is $\frac{y^2}{2a} + \frac{4a^3}{y^2} = x - 2a$.

24. For the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 2 & -1 \\ 4 & 2 & -1 & 2 \\ 2 & 2 & -2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$, find non-singular matrices P and Q such

that PAQ is in the normal form.

 $(2 \times 6 = 12)$