

M 7150

Reg. No. :

Name :

V Semester B.Sc. Degree (CCSS – Reg./Supple./Imp.)
Examination, November 2014
CORE COURSE IN MATHEMATICS
5B07 MAT : Abstract Algebra

Time: 3 Hours Max. Weightage: 30

- 1. Mark each of the following true or false :
 - a) A binary operation on a set S assigns at least one element of S to each ordered pair of elements of S.
 - b) In a group each linear equation has a solution.
 - c) Every cyclic group is abelian.
 - d) Any group of prime order is cyclic.

(Wt. 1)

Answer any six questions from the following (Weightage one each):

- 2. If $(a*b)^2 = a^2*b^2$ for a and b in a group G, show that a*b=b*a, where $a^2 = a*a$.
- 3. Prove that every cyclic group is abelian.
- 4. Obtain the group of symmetries of an equilateral triangle with vertices 1, 2 and 3.
- 5. Write the permutation $\sigma = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 \\ 3 & 8 & 6 & 7 & 4 & 1 & 5 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$ as a product of cycles.
- If G is a group and H is a subgroup of G, prove that the relation '~' defined on G by a ~ b if and only if a⁻¹ b∈H is an equivalence relation.

- 7. If $\phi: G \to G'$ is a group homomorphism, show that Ker ϕ is a normal subgroup of G.
- 8. Prove that a factor group of a cyclic group is cyclic.
- 9. Define a ring homomorphism. Check whether $\phi: \mathbb{Z} \to \mathbb{Z}$ defined by $\phi(x) = 2x$ is a ring homomorphism.
- 10. Solve the equation $x^2 5x + 6 = 0$ in \mathbb{Z}_{12} .
- 11. Show that \mathbb{Z}_p has no zero divisors if p is a prime.

(6×1=6)

Answer any seven questions from the following (Weightage 2 each):

- In a group G, prove that there is only one identity element and also prove that the inverse of every element is unique.
- 13. Prove that the intersection of two subgroups H and K of a group G is a subgroup of G.
- 14. If G is a group and $a \in G$, show that $H = \{a^n/n \in \mathbb{Z}\}$ is the smallest subgroup of G that contains 'a'.
- 15. If H is a subgroup of a finite group G, prove that order of H is a divisor of order of G. Also prove that the order of an element of a finite group divides the order of the group.
- If A is a nonempty set and S_A is the collection of all permutations of A, prove that S_A is a group under permutation multiplication.
- 17. Define a homomorphism of a group G into a group G'. If $\phi: G \to G'$ is a homomorphism of a group G onto a group G' and G is abelian, show that G' is also abelian.
- 18. Show that the mapping $\phi: S_n \to \mathbb{Z}_2$ defined by
 - $\phi(\sigma) = \begin{cases} 0 \text{ if } \sigma \text{ is an even permutation} \\ 1 \text{ if } \sigma \text{ is an odd permutation} \end{cases} \text{ is a homomorphism, where } S_n \text{ is the}$

symmetric group of n letters and $\sigma \in S_n$.

- 19. Prove that a group homomorphism $\varphi: G \to G'$ is a one-to-one map if and only if Ker $\varphi = \{e\}$, where e is the identity element of G.
- Prove that the cancellation law hold in a ring R if and only if R has no zero divisors.
- 21. Show that every field is an integral domain.

 $(7 \times 2 = 14)$

Answer any three questions from the following (Weightage 3 each):

- 22. Prove that a subgroup of a cyclic group is cyclic.
- 23. Show that every group is isomorphic to a group of permutations.
- 24. Prove that no permutation in S_n can be expressed both as a product of even number of transpositions and as a product of an odd number of transpositions.
- 25. If ϕ is a homomorphism from a group G into a group G', prove the following :
 - i) $\varphi(e)$ is the identity element of G', where e is the identity element of G.
 - ii) $\varphi(a^{-1}) = \varphi(a)^{-1}, a \in G$
 - iii) $\phi[H]$ is a subgroup of G', where H is a subgroup of G.
 - iv) $\varphi^{-1}[K']$ is a subgroup of G, where K' is a subgroup of G'.
- 26. Show that every finite integral domain is a field.

 $(3 \times 3 = 9)$