

K17U 1699

Reg. No. : .....

Name : .....

V Semester B.Sc. Degree (CBCSS-Reg./Sup./Imp.) Examination, November 2017 (2014 Admn. Onwards)

CORE COURSE IN MATHEMATICS
5B 09 MAT : Graph Theory

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 48

## SECTION-A

Answer all the questions. Each question carries one mark.

- What is the smallest integer n such that the complete graph with n vertices has atleast 500 edges?
- Give two nonisomorphic simple connected graphs G and G' such that their line graphs are isomorphic.
- 3. For what values of n, a complete graph on n vertices is Eulerian?
- 4. Draw a simple graph which is Eulerian but not Hamiltonian.

 $(4 \times 1 = 4)$ 

# SECTION-B

Answer any 8 questions. Each question carries two marks.

- 5. If G is simple and  $\delta \ge \frac{n-1}{2}$  then show that G is connected.
- Show that an edge e = xy is a cut edge of a connected graph G if and only if there
  exist vertices u and v such that e belongs to every u v path in G.
- Show that a graph G with atleast three vertices is 2-connected if and only if any two vertices of G lie on a common cycle.
- Show that a simple graph is a tree if and only if any two distinct vertices are connected by a unique path.
- 9. Prove that every tree is a bipartite graph.
- 10. Show that a simple connected graph contains atleast m n + 1 distinct cycles.

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- What are central vertices of a graph G? Give an example of a tree with two central vertices.
- Show that a connected graph G is a tree if and only if every edge of G is a cut edge of G.
- Show that a subset S of the vertex set V of a graph G is independent if and only
  if V\S is a covering of G.
- Let D be a digraph with no directed cycle. Prove that there exists a vertex whose indegree is 0.

  (8x2=16)

#### SECTION - C

Answer any 4 questions. Each question carries four marks.

- a) Show that the line graph of a simple graph G is a path if and only if G is a path.
  - b) Illustrate the join of two vertex-disjoint graphs with an example.
- Prove that in a connected graph with atleast three vertices, any two longest paths have a vertex in common.
- 17. If C is any cycle of a simple block G with atleast three vertices, show that there exists a sequence of nonseparable subgraphs C = B<sub>0</sub>, B<sub>1</sub>, . . . B<sub>r</sub> = G such that B<sub>i+1</sub> is an edge-disjoint union of B<sub>i</sub> and a path P<sub>i</sub>, where the only vertices common to B<sub>i</sub> and P<sub>i</sub> are the end vertices of P<sub>i</sub>, 0 ≤ i ≤ r − 1.
- 18. Show that every Eulerian graph has an odd number of cycle decompositions.
- Let G be simple graph with n ≥ 3 vertices. If for every pair of nonadjacent vertices u, v of G, d(u) + d(v) ≥ n, show that G is Hamiltonian.
- 20. Show that every tournament contains a directed Hamilton path. (4x4=16)

# SECTION - D

Answer any 2 questions. Each question carries six marks.

- 21. Show that a graph is bipartite if and only if it contains no odd cycles.
- Show that the connectivity and edge connectivity of a simple cubic graph are equal.
- 23. For any graph G for which  $\delta > 0$ , show that  $\alpha' + \beta' = n$ .
- Show that every vertex of a diconnected tournament T with n ≥ 3 vertices is contained in a directed k-cycle, 3 ≤ k ≤ n.
   (2x6=12)